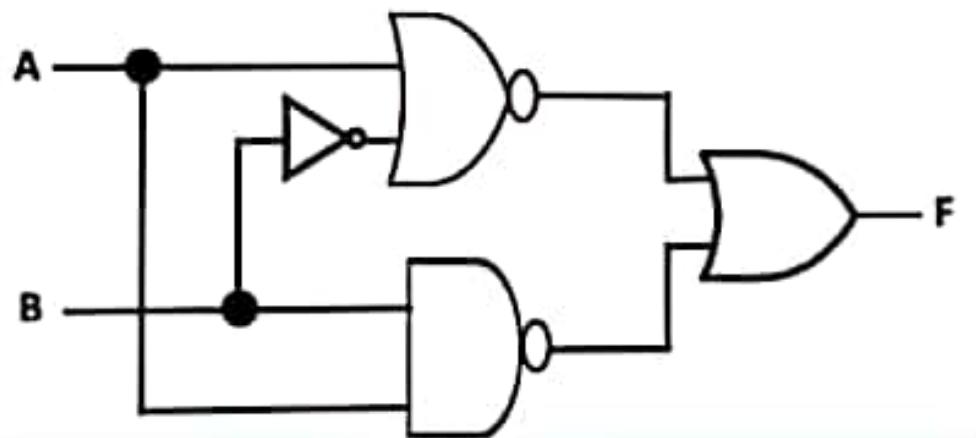




Given the above circuit, write F as a SoM expression. * (8 Points)



F(A,B) = m0 + m1 + m2 + m3

F(A,B) = m0 + m1

F(A,B) = m2 + m3

F(A,B) = m0 + m1 + m2

F(A,B) = m0 + m1 + m3



11

Given that $F(X,Y,Z) = X \oplus Y \oplus Z'$.

Which of the following is an equivalent expression for F ?

Note: \odot is the XNOR operation.

Note: \oplus is the XOR operation. *

(8 Points)

$F(X,Y,Z) = (X \oplus Y) \odot Z$

$F(X,Y,Z) = (X \oplus Y) \odot Z'$

$F(X,Y,Z) = (X' \odot Y) \oplus Z$

12

Given the above k-map. What is the number of prime implicants? *





$$F'(A, B, C, D) = D' + A'C'$$

$F(A, B, C, D) = (C' + D')(A' + B)$ ✓

21

Which of the following expressions is implemented as a two-level network?
(Choose all correct answers) *
(1/1 Points)

$AB' + ABC + B'CD$ ✓

$A(A' + C + D)(B + C + D')$ ✓

$ABCD + A'BCD' + AB(C + D)$

$A(B + C + D) + C'(A + B + D)$

None of these expressions.

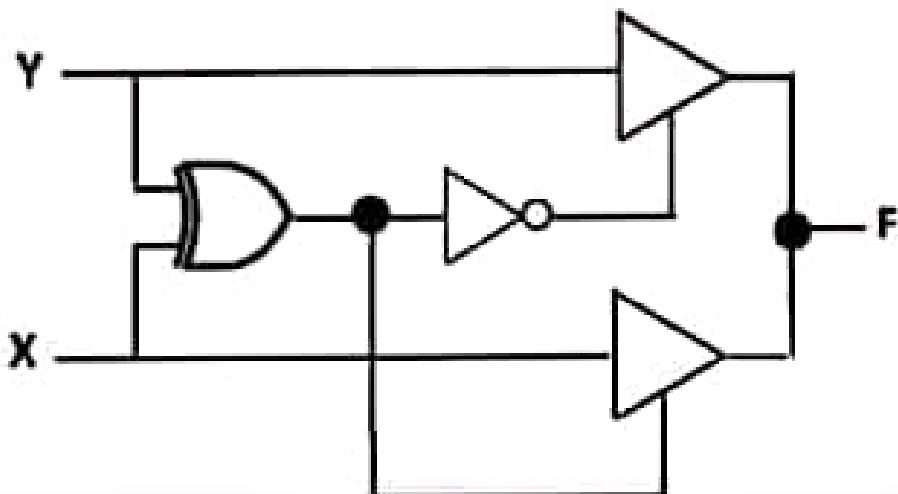
22

What is the auto input port



 Done Edit

Given the above circuit, write F as an optimized SoP expression. * 
(8 Points)



- $F(X,Y) = Y$
- $F(X,Y) = Y'$
- $F(X,Y) = X'Y + XY'$

$F(X,Y) = X$

- $F(X,Y) = X'$
- $F(X,Y) = X'Y' + XY$



"Given the circuit of Eq. 10-1, shade quote"

More



12

What is the gate input cost (G) of the following function expression:

(write your answer as a number
e.g. 3 or 7 or 19...) *

(1/1 Points)

$$f(w,x,y,z) = w(xz' + yz) + w'y'$$

12 ✓

13

How many prime implicants are there in the K-map of the following function $F(A,B,C,D)$? *

(1/1 Points)

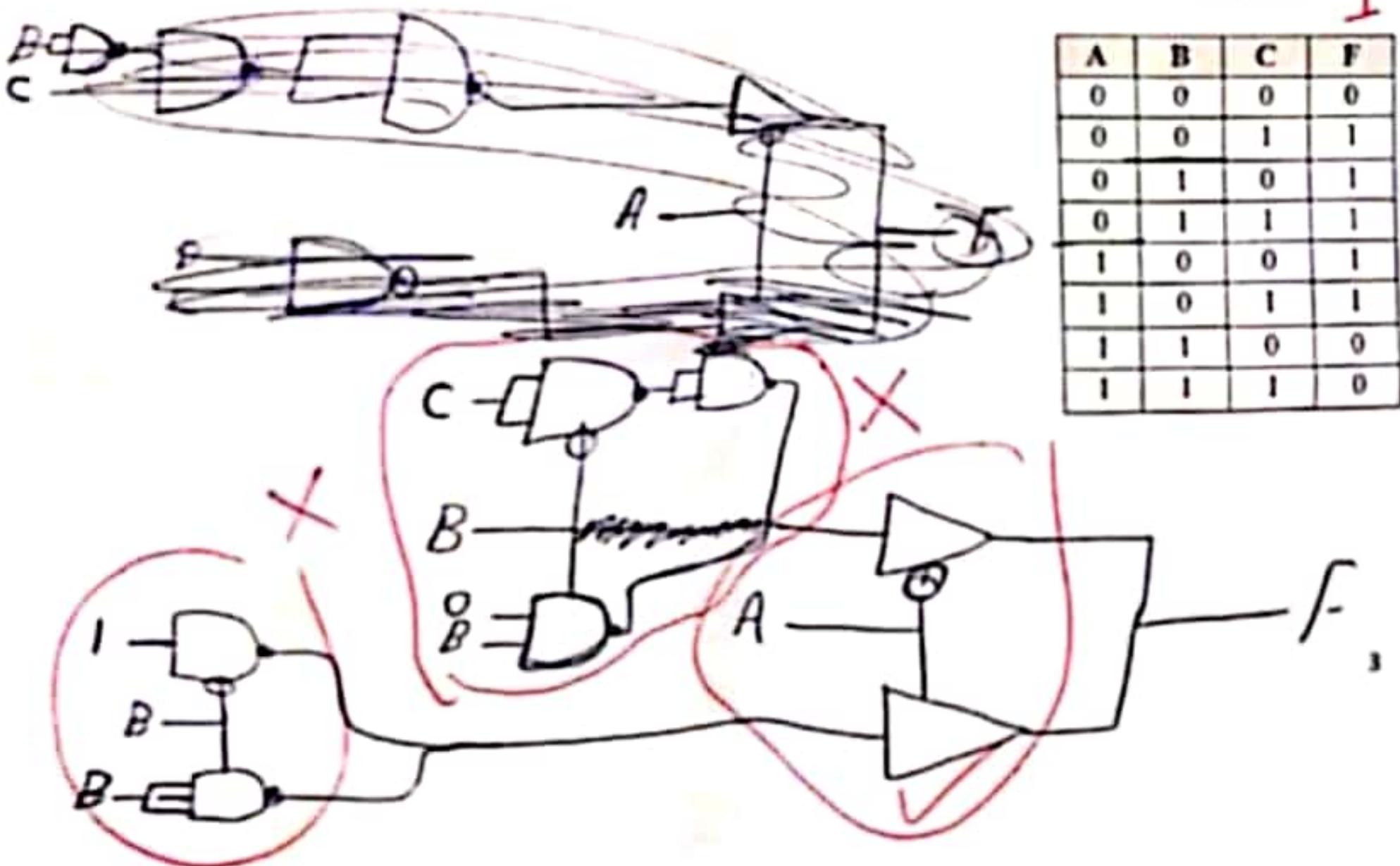
$$F(A,B,C,D) = \sum_m (0, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 9, 11, 15)$$

4 ✓



Problem 3. The following table is the truth table for $F(A,B,C)$. Draw the implementation of the function using only two Tri-state buffers and any number of 2-input NAND gates.

(3 points) 1



iii. Write the following function in the standard SOP form

$$F(A, B, C) = \bar{C} + BC$$

$$F = \sum_m (\cancel{\text{---}}) \quad \text{C}$$

$$\bar{F} = \bar{C} + BC$$

$$\bar{C}(A+\bar{A}) + (\bar{B}+\bar{B})BC$$

$$AB\bar{C} + A\bar{B}\bar{C} + \bar{A}B\bar{C} + \bar{A}\bar{B}C + \bar{B}BC$$

$$\cancel{AB\bar{C}} + \cancel{A\bar{B}\bar{C}} + \cancel{\bar{A}B\bar{C}} + \cancel{\bar{A}\bar{B}C} + \cancel{\bar{B}BC}$$

$$\cancel{AB\bar{C}} + \cancel{A\bar{B}\bar{C}} + \cancel{\bar{A}B\bar{C}} + \cancel{\bar{A}\bar{B}C} + \cancel{\bar{B}BC}$$

$$\cancel{AB\bar{C}} + \cancel{A\bar{B}\bar{C}} + \cancel{\bar{A}B\bar{C}} + \cancel{\bar{A}\bar{B}C} + \cancel{\bar{B}BC}$$

$$\cancel{AB\bar{C}} + \cancel{A\bar{B}\bar{C}} + \cancel{\bar{A}B\bar{C}} + \cancel{\bar{A}\bar{B}C} + \cancel{\bar{B}BC}$$

$$\text{D. If } F(A, B, C, D) = \sum_{m=0,1,8,9,11} \text{ then } F = \prod_m (\cancel{0}, 1, \cancel{3}, \cancel{9}, \cancel{11})$$

ii. The dual of the Boolean expression $F = \bar{A} + \bar{B}\bar{C} + 1$ is

~~$\bar{A}(\bar{B} + \bar{C}) + 0$~~

$$\bar{A}(\bar{B} + \bar{C}) + 1 \quad \cancel{\bar{A} + \bar{B} + \bar{C} + 1}$$

$$\cancel{\bar{A}(\bar{B} + \bar{C})} + \cancel{0}$$

iii. Fill in the K-map of $f(A, B, C)$ given that $\bar{F}(A, B, C) = \bar{AB} + \bar{AC}$

 ~~$f(A, B, C) = AB + AC$~~

$$f(A, B, C) = AB + AC$$

			B 10
	1	0	0
A 0	0	0	1
	1	1	1

$$(\bar{A} + \bar{C}) = \bar{F}$$

Problem 2: Given the following function F

$$F(W, X, Y, Z) = WXY + \bar{Z} + (\bar{W}Y) \cdot (X + \bar{Y})$$

What is the literal cost (L), the gate-input cost (G) and the gate-input cost with (GN), of f?

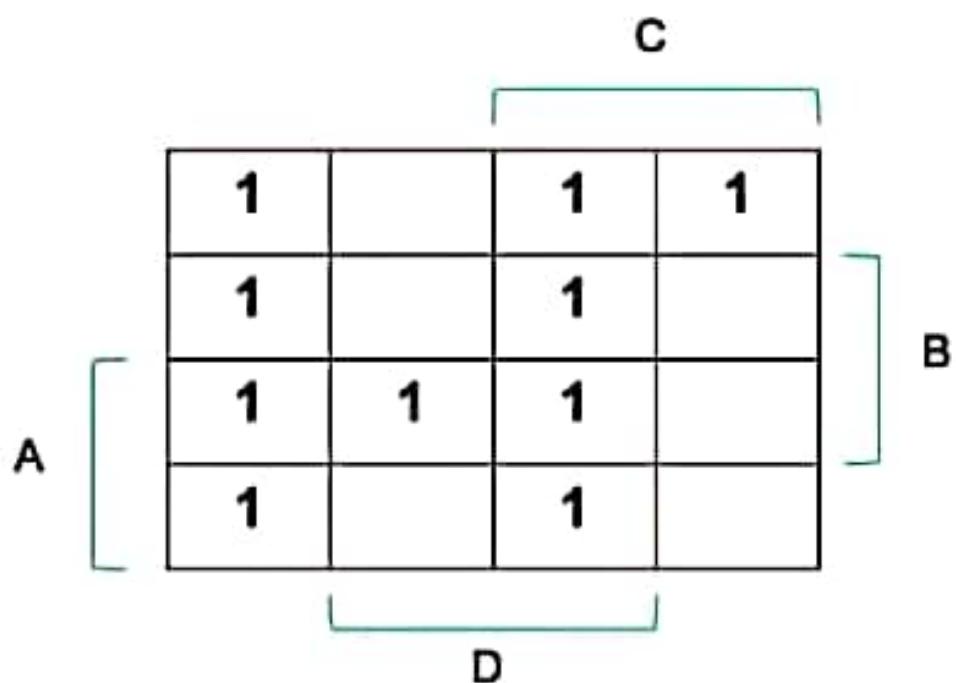
$$L = \underline{\underline{5}}$$

$$G = \underline{\underline{3}} + \underline{\underline{1}} X$$

$$GN = \underline{\underline{1}} L + \underline{\underline{3}} = \underline{\underline{3}} + \underline{\underline{3}}$$



Given the above k-map. What is the number of essential prime implicants? *
(4 Points)



1

2

3

4

Copy Share Select all : QUOTE



22

What is the gate input cost with inverters (GN) of the following function? *(1/1 Points)

$$F(A, B, C, D) = (A' + B + C)(B + C' + D')(A'$$

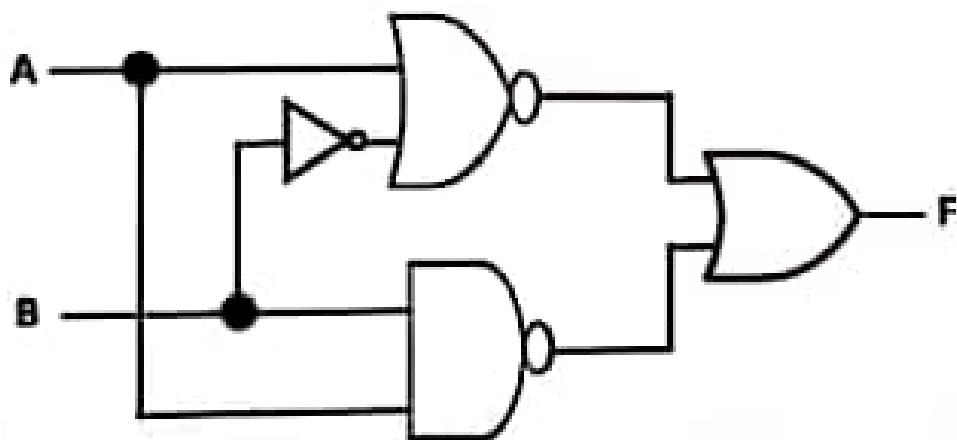
14 ✓

23

How many essential prime implicants are there in the following K-map? *
(0/1 Points)



Given the above circuit, write F as a SoM expression. * (8 Points)



F(A,B) = m0 + m1 + m2 + m3

F(A,B) = m0 + m1

F(A,B) = m2 + m3

F(A,B) = m0 + m1 + m2

F(A,B) = m0 + m1 + m3



"Given the circuit of F?" SHARE QUOTE



← forms.office.com ...
POWERUNIT 16

Given that $F(X,Y,Z) = X Y' Z + X' Z' + X'$.

Select the boolean algebra theorems/identities that can be used to simplify $F(X,Y,Z)$ in two steps to become: $F(X,Y,Z) = X' + Y' Z$.

*

(4 Points)

Minimization then Absorption

Distributive Law then Simplification

Consensus then Minimization

Simplification then Minimization



"Given th...uit of F?" SHARE QUOTE





Copy Share Select all :

15

Given that $F(X,Y,Z) = X' Y' + Y' Z + X Z + X Y + Y Z'$.

Select the boolean algebra theorem/identity that can be used to simplify $F(X,Y,Z)$ in one step to become: $F(X,Y,Z) = X' Y' + Y' Z + X Y + Y Z'$. *

(4 Points)

Simplification Theorem

Distributive Law

Consensus Theorem

Absorption Theorem



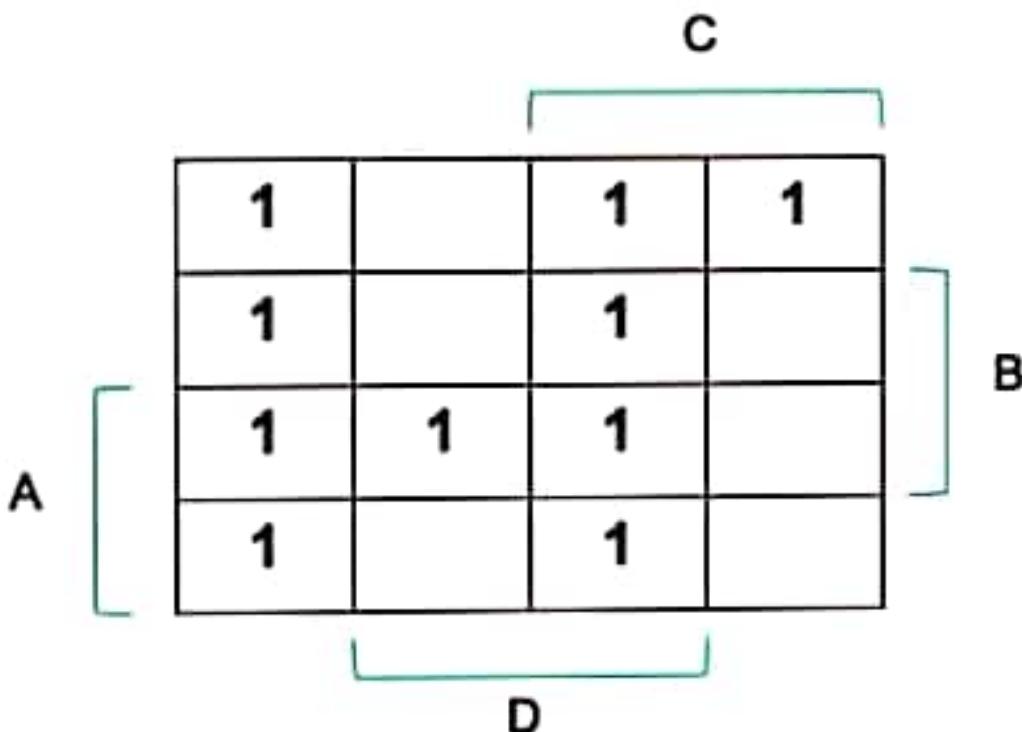
"Given th...uit of F?" SHARE QUOTE



Given the above k-map. What is the number of prime implicants? *



(8 Points)



4

5

6

7

f "Given the k-map above, what is the number of prime implicants?" [SHARE QUOTE](#)





What is the minimal number of bits needed to assign binary codes to 71 colors? (10 Points)

6

5

7

8

8

If $N = 234.125$ in decimal, what is the value of N in base $r = 4$? (15 Points)

Copy Share Select all





12

What is the value of the maximum number (in decimal) for a number system with base $r = 5$ and number of digits $n = 4$? 

(10 Points)

624

124

255

1023



Send me an email receipt of my responses



Back

Submit



" Back Submit "

SHARE QUOTE





8

If $N = 234.125$ in decimal, what is the value of N in base $r = 4$?

(15 Points)

1113.2

1113.02

3222.02

3222.2

3111.2

9

if $N = 100000$ in binary, and $N = 112$ in base r , then what is the value of r ?

(15 Points)



Copy

Share

Select all



RE QUOTE





Copy Share Select all :

Given that the SoM expression for
F(A,B,C) = m0 + m1 + m2 + m5 +
m7. What is the minimal number
of inverters and tri-state buffers
needed to build the circuit of F? *



(8 Points)

- two inverters and two tri-state buffers
- two inverters and four tri-state buffers
- three inverters and four tri-state buffers
- three inverters and two tri-state buffers



"Given th...uit of F?" [SHARE QUOTE](#)





You are given the following facts about three boolean variables A, B, and C:

$$A + B + C = 1$$

$$AB = 0$$

Which of the following statements is always guaranteed to be correct? *

(8 Points)

A is not equal to B

$A' + B' + C' = 1$

$C = 1$

$A + B + C' = 0$

$C = 0$



"Given the unit of F?" [SHARE QUOTE](#)



the optimized SoP expression
of F? *

(1/1 Points)

			Y
X	x	x	
1			1
1	1		x
W	1	x	
		Z	

WY + XZ' ✓

WY + YZ'

XZ' + YZ'

WY + YZ' + XZ'



Given that the PoM expression for $F(W,X,Y,Z) = M_0 + M_1 + M_4 + M_{10} + M_{11} + M_{14} + M_{15}$. What is the optimal SoP expression for F? *



(8 Points)

W Y' + W' Y

W Y' + W' Y + X Y' Z

W Y + W' X' Y' + W' Y' Z'

W Y' + W' Y + X Z

(W + X' + Y') (W + X + Y') (W + Y' + Z)

(W + X' + Y') (W + X + Y') (W + Y' + Z) (W + Y' + Z')



"Given th...uit of F?" [SHARE QUOTE](#)





Given that $F(A,B,C) = A' B' + A C'$

Which of the following is a correct SoM expression for F? * (8 Points)

$F(A,B,C) = A' B' C' + A B' C' + A B C'$

$F(A,B,C) = A' B' C' + A B' C' + A B C'$

$F(A,B,C) = A' B' C' + A' B' C + A B' C' + A B C'$

$F(A,B,C) = A' B' C' + A' B C + A B' C' + A B' C'$

$F(A,B,C) = (A' + B' + C') (A' + B' + C) (A + B' + C') (A + B + C')$

$F(A,B,C) = (A' + B' + C') (A' + B' + C') (A + B' + C') (A + B + C')$



"Given th...uit of F?" [SHARE QUOTE](#)





7

10

What is the odd parity bit if N =
1011100101100 ?
(10 Points)

1

0

cannot be determined

11

Assume you have a memory that
has 16777222 bits. what is the
size of this memory in Megabytes
(choose the most accurate
answer)?



Copy

Share

Select all



RE QUOTE



Read Only - You can't save changes to this file.

		A	
		d	d
		1	1
		1	1
		1	d
		1	1
		B	

10. The most reduced expression which can be obtained from the K-map illustrated is:

- 1. $BD + A'B'CD' + AB'C$
- 2. $BD + B'CD'$
- 3. $C'D' + CD$
- 4. $B'D' + BD$
- 5. none of the above



11. The most reduced expression which can be



11

Assume you have a memory that has 16777222 bits. what is the size of this memory in Megabytes (choose the most accurate answer)? 

(15 Points)

- 2.2 Megabytes
- 2.0 Megabytes
- 16.0 Megabytes
- 2.1 Megabytes
- 16.7 Megabytes

12



" Back Submit " SHARE QUOTE





11

Given that $F(X,Y,Z) = X \oplus Y \oplus Z'$.

Which of the following is an equivalent expression for F ?

Note: \odot is the XNOR operation.

Note: \oplus is the XOR operation. *

(8 Points)

$F(X,Y,Z) = (X \oplus Y) \odot Z$

$F(X,Y,Z) = (X \oplus Y) \odot Z'$

$F(X,Y,Z) = (X' \odot Y) \oplus Z$

12

Given the above k-map. What is the number of prime implicants? *



(8 Points)



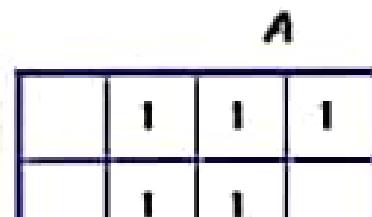
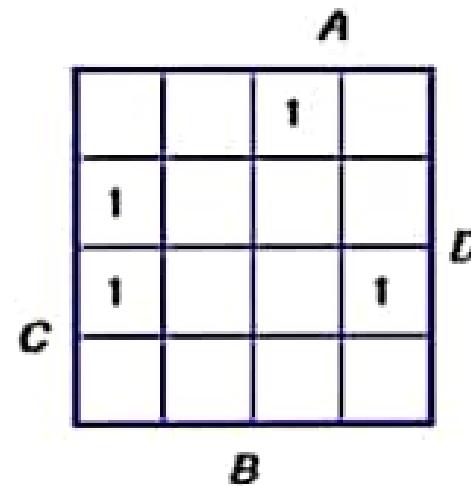
"Given the k-map of F?" [SHARE QUOTE](#)



Read Only - You can't save changes to this file.

2. Identify the function which generates the K-map shown

1. $F = \text{Sum m}(1,3,11,12)$
2. $F = \text{Sum m}(1,2,11,12)$
3. $F = \text{Sum m}(1,3,8,15)$
4. $F = \text{Sum m}(1,3,8,14)$
5. $F = \text{Sum m}(2,3,8,14)$



3. Identify the most simple SOP expression from the K-map shown.

1. $B'C + AD + CD$
2. $B'C + B'D + ACD$
3. $B'C + B'D + ABD$
4. $B'C + B'D + ABD + ACD$

3. When converting the binary number 10110111.01 to decimal, octal, and hexadecimal, the values in order are: * (-/1 Points)

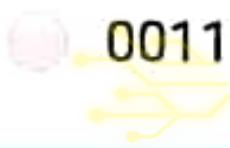
183.25, 556.2, B7.2

183.25, 267.1, B7.2

183.25, 267.2, B7.4

366.25, 556.2, B7.2

366.25, 267.2, B7.4



00111001

POWERUNIT



01010111



1010111

12. Which of the following code words has even parity?

Choose all correct answers. *
(-1 Points)



10000



10001



11001



00000



10101

10. The equivalent gray code for the binary code 1101 in a system that encodes 16 elements is: * (-/1 Points) 

1010

1100

0011

1011

1111

11. What is the BCD code of the decimal number 57? * (-/1 Points)

101111

111101

00111001



01010111

8. What is the maximum number of elements that the octal numbers 00-47 can be used to encode? *
(-/1 Points)

39

40

47

48

64

9. What is the minimum number of bits required in order to encode 1000 elements? *
(-/1 Points)

7

8

9

10

6. Convert the number 1BA.6 which is in base 12 to decimal.
Note: enter your answer without adding any spaces. *
(-/1 Points)

286.5

7. Convert the number 2335 which is in base 6 to binary.
Note: enter your answer without adding any spaces. *
(-/1 Points)

1000110011

8. What is the maximum number of elements that the octal numbers 00-47 can be used to encode? *
(-/1 Points)

39



40



Given the above k-map for $F(A,B,C,D)$. What is the optimal PoS for $F(A,B,C,D)$? * (8 Points)

		C	
		B	
A		D	
1	x	x	1
1	0	1	x
0	x	x	0
0	0	0	x

- F(A,B,C,D) = A + C' D
- F(A,B,C,D) = A D' + A' C
- F(A,B,C,D) = A (C' + D)

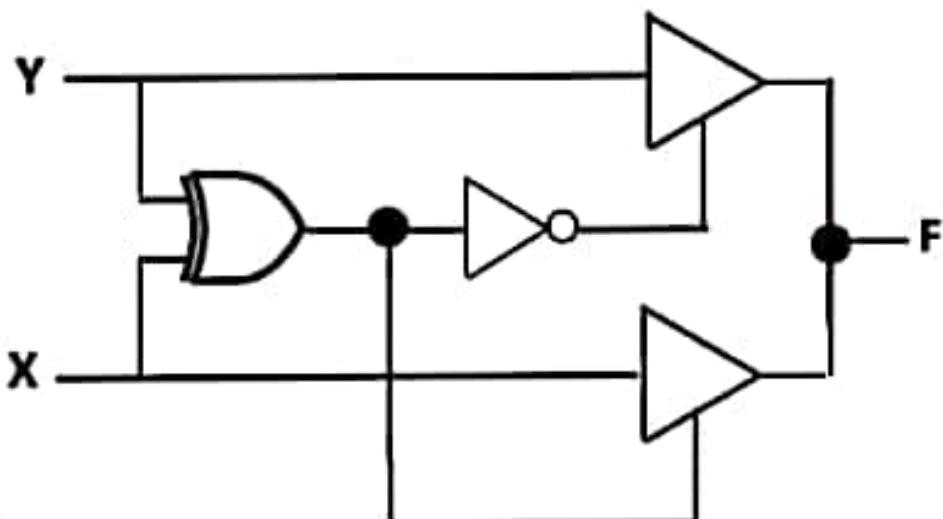
F(A,B,C,D) = A' (C + D')

 "Given th...uit of F?" SHARE QUOTE





Given the above circuit, write F as an optimized SoP expression. * (8 Points)



- F(X,Y) = Y
- F(X,Y) = Y'
- F(X,Y) = X' Y + X Y'

F(X,Y) = X

- F(X,Y) = X'
- F(X,Y) = X' Y' + X Y



"Given the circuit of F?" [SHARE QUOTE](#)



4. When converting the hexadecimal number CE to decimal and octal, the values in order are: * (-/1 Points) 

26, 316

26, 634

206, 634

206, 316

206, 716

5. Convert the decimal number 193.372 to its equivalent in base 5 showing two digits to the right of the radix point.

Note: enter your answer without adding any spaces. *
(-/1 Points)

1233.14



17

Given that $W = A(B' C' + A' D)$.
Which of the following is the dual
expression of W ? * 
(8 Points)

- A (B' + C') (A' + D)
- A' (B + C) (A + D')
- A' + (B + C) (A + D')
- A + (B' + C') (A' + D)
- A + B' C' + A' D
- A' + B C + A D'

18

 "Given th...uit of F?" SHARE QUOTE



Which of the following is a correct
SoM expression for F? *  

$F(A,B,C) = A' B' C' + A B' C' + A B C'$

$F(A,B,C) = A' B' C' + A B' C' + A B C'$

$F(A,B,C) = A' B' C' + A' B' C + A B' C' + A B C'$

$F(A,B,C) = A' B' C' + A' B C + A B' C' + A B' C$

$F(A,B,C) = (A' + B' + C') (A' + B' + C) (A + B' + C') (A + B + C')$

$F(A,B,C) = (A' + B' + C') (A' + B' + C) (A + B' + C') (A + B + C')$



12

Given the following equation, what is the value of r? *
(-1 Points)

$$(3233)_4 = (357)_7$$

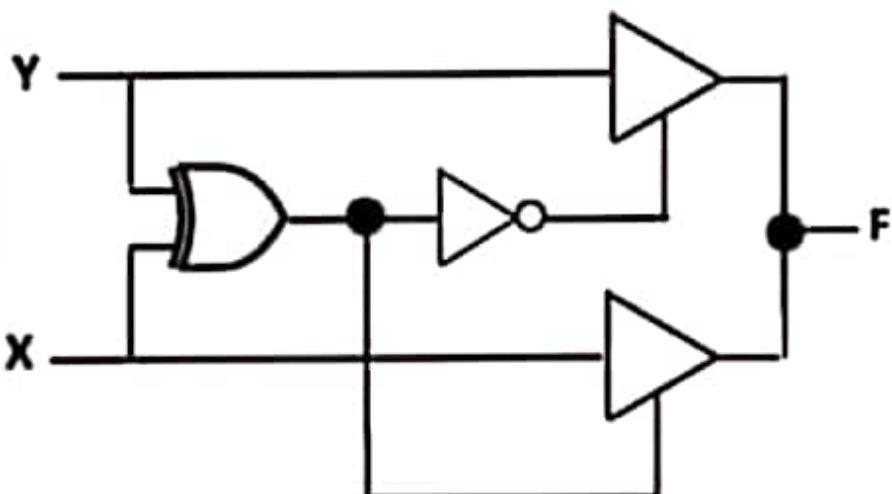
N

19

Which of the following expressions is implemented as a two

Done POWERUNIT Edit

Given the above circuit, write F as an optimized SoP expression. * 8p
(8 Points)



- $F(X,Y) = Y$
- $F(X,Y) = Y'$
- $F(X,Y) = X'Y + XY'$

$F(X,Y) = X$

- $F(X,Y) = X'$
- $F(X,Y) = X'Y' + XY$

"Given the circuit above, find F" SHARE QUOTE

More

Edit

POWER UNIT

1	x	x	1
1	0	1	x
0	x	x	0
0	0	0	x

A D B

F(A,B,C,D) = A + C' D

F(A,B,C,D) = A D' + A' C

F(A,B,C,D) = A (C' + D)

F(A,B,C,D) = A' (C + D')

F(A,B,C,D) = (A' + C') (A + D)

F(A,B,C,D) = A' D'



"Given th...uit of F?" SHARE QUOTE



← forms.office.com ...



0

cannot be determined

11

Assume you have a memory that has 16777222 bits. what is the size of this memory in Megabytes (choose the most accurate answer)? 
(15 Points)

2.2 Megabytes

2.0 Megabytes

16.0 Megabytes

2.1 Megabytes

Copy Share Select all : QUOTE



Read Only - You can't save changes to this file.

9. The most simple SOP expression which can be obtained from the K-map illustrated is:

1. $C' + D$
2. $A' + B + C' + D$
3. $A' + B + C' + D$
4. $AB + A'B'$
5. none of the above

		A	
		d	
		1	
		d	
C			
			D
		1	
		d	
		1	
		d	
		1	
		d	
		1	
		0	
			B

A

Done

Edit

7

10

What is the odd parity bit if N =
1011100101100 ?
(10 Points)

1

 0

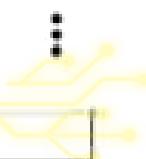
cannot be determined

11

Assume you have a memory that
has 16777222 bits. what is the
size of this memory in Megabytes
(choose the most accurate
answer)?

Copy Share Select all More options

More



6

Which of the following represents the optimized SoP expression for the function $F(A,B,C,D)$. *(0/1 Points)

$F(A, B, C, D) = (B' \cdot C' \cdot D) (A + B' \cdot D') (A' +$

$BD + BC$

$B' + C'D'$ ✓

$A'B' + AB' + C'D'$

$B' + CD'$ ✗

$B(C + D)$

7

When encoding 150 elements using a numbering system with





(example answer: 0.4213) *

(1/1 Points)

$$(0.532)_{10} = (\dots\dots\dots)_7$$

0.3503 ✓

10

Given the following equation,
what is the value of r? *

(1/1 Points)

$$(3233)_4 = (357)_r$$

8 ✓

11

Which of the following
functions is represented by the
following K-map?

(Choose all correct answers) *

(0/1 Points)

10. The equivalent gray code for the binary code 1101 in a system that encodes 16 elements is: * (-/1 Points) 

1010

1100

0011

1011

1111

11. What is the BCD code of the decimal number 57? * (-/1 Points)

101111

111101

00111001



01010111

5. Find value of the following numbers when we limit the number of the digits to the right of the decimal point to 3. Find the answer for the **round** and **truncate** scenarios
- a. $(FE.AB39)_{16}$
 - b. $(FE.1568)_{16}$
 - c. $(34.1314)_8$
 - d. $(12.1235)_{16}$
 - e. $(12.1235)_{10}$
 - f. $(12.1235)_8$



3111.2

9

if $N = 100000$ in binary, and $N = 112$ in base r , then what is the value of r ?

(15 Points)

5

4

6

7

10

What is the odd parity bit if $N =$
 1011100101100 ?



" Back Submit " SHARE QUOTE





10

Given that $F(A,B,C,D) = (A + B' + C' D') (A' + B')$. Determine the gate-input cost with inverters (GN) cost? *

(8 Points)

12

13

14

15

16

11

Given that $F(X,Y,Z) = X \oplus Y \oplus Z'$.



"Given th...uit of F?" [SHARE QUOTE](#)



Read Only - You can't save changes to this file.

B

6. Identify the most simple POS expression which generates the K-map shown.

1. $(A+C')(A+B+C)$
2. $(A+B)(A+C')(B+C')$
3. $(A'+B')(A'+C)(B'+C)$
4. $(A'+C)(A'+B'+C')$
5. $(A+B)(A'+C)(B'+C)$

		A			
		1	0	0	0
		1	1	0	1
C	B				



Given that $F(X,Y,Z) = X Y' Z + X' Z' + X'$.

Select the boolean algebra theorems/identities that can be used to simplify $F(X,Y,Z)$ in two steps to become: $F(X,Y,Z) = X' + Y' Z$. *



(4 Points)

- Minimization then Absorption
- Distributive Law then Simplification
- Consensus then Minimization
- Simplification then Minimization



"Given th...uit of F?" [SHARE QUOTE](#)



You

22/11/2020, 8:51 PM

forms.office.com

10

Given that $F(A,B,C,D) = (A + B' + C' D') (A' + B')$. Determine the gate-input cost with inverters (GN) cost? * 
(8 Points)

 12 13 14 15 16

11

Given that $F(X,Y,Z) = X \oplus Y \oplus Z'$.



Read Only - You can't save changes to this file.

A			
C	d	d	d
D	d	d	d
B	d	d	d
1	1	d	d

12. The most simple expression which can be obtained from the K-map illustrated is:
- 1.
 - 2.
 3. A'
 4. $B'D'$
 5. $A'C$

← forms.office.com ...

7

10

What is the odd parity bit if N =
1011100101100 ? 
(10 Points)

1

0

cannot be determined

11

Assume you have a memory that
has 16777222 bits. what is the
size of this memory in Megabytes
(choose the most accurate
answer)? 

Copy Share Select all

:  QUOTE



11



Assume you have a memory that has 16777222 bits. what is the size of this memory in Megabytes (choose the most accurate answer)?

(15 Points)

- 2.2 Megabytes
- 2.0 Megabytes
- 16.0 Megabytes
- 2.1 Megabytes



8. What is the maximum number of elements that the octal numbers 00-47 can be used to encode? *
(-/1 Points)

39

40

47

48

64

10. Which of the following code words has odd parity?

Choose all correct answers. *

(1 Point)

- 10000
 - 10001
 - 11001
 - 00000
 - 10111

8. What is the maximum number of elements that the octal numbers 00-47 can be used to encode? *
(-1 Points)

39

40

47

48

64

Given that the SoM expression for $F(A,B,C) = m_0 + m_1 + m_2 + m_5 + m_7$. What is the minimal number of inverters and tri-state buffers needed to build the circuit of F? *



(8 Points)

- two inverters and two tri-state buffers

- two inverters and four tri-state buffers

- three inverters and four tri-state buffers

- three inverters and two tri-state buffers

More

12. Which of the following code words has **odd parity**?
Choose all correct answers. *(1 Point)

10000

10001

11001

00000

10111

Send me an email receipt of my responses

Submit



8. What is the minimum number of bits in binary needed to encode 1230 items? * 

- 10 bits
- 11 bits
- 12 bits
- 9 bits

9. * الرقم الجامعي. 

- 179.25, 263.1, B3.1

8. Convert the decimal number 193 to its equivalent in base 5 showing two digits to the right of the radix point. *

(1 Point)

- 133

- 1333

- 1133

- 1233

- 10133

- 10233

9. When converting the hexadecimal number C02A to octal, the answer is: *



11 bits

**POWERUNIT** 12 bits 9 bits

7. Given $N = 35$ in octal, what is N in BCD? *

(1 Point)

 110101 00110101 01001001 00101001

8. Convert the decimal number 193 to its equivalent in radix point. *

(1 Point)

193

193.0

Required

1. Convert the decimal number 193 to its equivalent in base 5 showing two digits to the right of the radix point. * (1 Point)

133

1333

1133

1233

10133

10233

2. Given N = 35 in octal, what is N in BCD ? *



* Required

1. Given $N = 35$ in octal, what is N in BCD ? * 
(1 Point)

110101

00110101

01001001

00101001



2. What is the minimum number of bits in binary needed to encode 1230 items? *
(1 Point)

6. Given that $N = 26$ in decimal, and $N = 122$ in base r , what is r ? *

3

4

5

6

7

7. Convert the number 233 which is in base 4 to binary. *

section 2 eng saadeh 11:30-12:30

section 3 Dr. Fahed 11:30 - 1:00

Section 4 Dr. Fahed 10:00 - 11:30

4. Which of the following code words has odd parity?
Choose all correct answers. * 
(1 Point)

10000

10001

11001

00000

10111

5. Convert the number 1AB₆ which is in base 12 to decimal
(1 Point)

100

100

100



00101001

2. What is the minimum number of bits in binary needed to encode 1230 items? *
(1 Point)

10 bits

11 bits

12 bits

9 bits

3. Convert the decimal number 193 to its equivalent in base 5 showing two digits to the right of the decimal point.



5. Given $N = 35$ in octal, what is N in BCD? *

- 110101
- 00110101
- 01001001
- 00101001

6. Convert the decimal number 193 to its equivalent in base 5 showing two digits to the right of the radix point. *



Digital_Logic_First_Spring15

POWERUNIT



1

Problem 3. Assume designing a display system for a weight scale. The minimum weight is 0 kilos and the maximum weight is 140 kilos and weights can only be integers (the weight range is 0, 1, 2, ..., 140). (5 points)

- a) What is the minimum number of digits required to represent the weight in binary?
- b) What is the minimum number of digits required to represent the weight in octal?
- c) What is the minimum number of digits required to represent the weight in BCD?
- d) What is the minimum radix of a number system that can represent the weight in two digits only?

2



Problem 1. Solve the following short problems. (8 points)

a) $(A5)_{16}$

is equal to $(165)_{10}$ ✓ 100

b) $(0.712)_8$

is equal to $(.E5)_{10}$ ✓ 100

c) $(10010110)_{BCD}$

is equal to $(1000000)_{10}$ ✓ 100

d) Given a binary code with 3-bit in the integer part and 2-bit in the fraction part, the maximum number of elements that can be represented using this code is ... 32 ✓

e) Assume N is a 3-digit number represented in hexadecimal. The minimum number of digits needed when representing N in BCD is ... 12 digits X

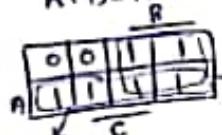
f) Given $F(A, B, C) = (A + B)(\bar{C} + \bar{A}B)$. Determine $\bar{F}(A, B, C) = \sum_m(0, 1, 5, 7)$ ✓

$$\bar{F} = \overline{AB} + \overline{AC}(\bar{A} + \bar{B})$$

g) Given $F(A, B, C) = A + B(A + C) + \bar{A}B$. The simplest SOP form of F is ... $A + B$ ✓

h) Given $F(A, B, C) = \sum_m(1, 4, 5)$. The simplest POS form of F is ... $\bar{B}(A + C)$ ✓

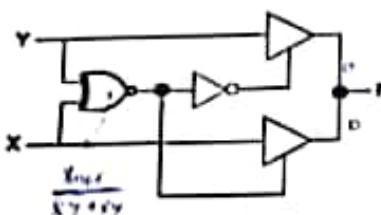
A) $\bar{F} = (A + B)(\bar{C} + \bar{A}B)$
 $\bar{F} = \bar{A}\bar{B} + AC + \bar{B}C$


B) $A + AB + BC + \bar{A}\bar{B}$
 $A + BC + \bar{A}B$


C) $\bar{F} = \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ $A\bar{B} + \bar{B}C$
 $\bar{F} = \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ \hline 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$ $\bar{B}CA + C$
 $\bar{F} = B + \bar{A}\bar{C}$
 $F = \bar{B}(A + C)$

Scanned by CamScanner

Problem 2. Write the truth table for the following circuits (4 points)



Z	X	Y	F
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0
1	1	0	0
0	1	1	0

3

10. The equivalent gray code for the binary code 1101 in a system that encodes 16 elements is: *
(1/1 Points)

1010

1100

0011

1011 ✓

1111

144052

5. Given $N = 35$ in octal, what is N in BCD ? *

(1 Point)

110101

00110101

01001001

00101001

5. Convert the decimal number 193 to its equivalent in base 5 showing two digits to the right of the decimal point.

5. Find value of the following numbers when we limit the number of the digits to the right of the decimal point to 3. Find the answer for the round and truncate scenarios

- a. $(FE.AB39)_{16}$
- b. $(FE.1568)_{16}$
- c. $(34.1314)_8$
- d. $(12.1235)_{16}$
- e. $(12.1235)_{10}$
- f. $(12.1235)_8$

Perform the following binary/octal/hexadecimal conversions

- a. $(2460.573)_8 = ?_2 = ?_{16}$
- b. $(ACE.FED)_{16} = ?_2 = ?_8$

5. Find value of the following numbers when we limit the number of the digits to the right of the decimal point to 3. Find the answer for the **round** and **truncate** scenarios

- a. $(FE.AB39)_{16}$
- b. $(FE.1568)_{16}$
- c. $(34.1314)_8$
- d. $(12.1235)_{16}$
- e. $(12.1235)_{10}$
- f. $(12.1235)_8$

6. Convert the following decimal numbers using the division and multiplication method.

- a. $(97.8125)_{10} = ?_2$



11. Find the equivalent code for the following decimal number

- a. $(1315)_{10} = (?)_{BCD}$
- b. $(9759)_{10} = (?)_{\text{Excess3}}$
- c. $(15)_{10} = (?)_{8,4,-2,-1}$

I. 1010 ✓

II. 1110

III. 1001

IV. 0110

V. None

- h) If the value of the parity bit for the code word (1011011101111) is 1. The type of the used parity is.... odd

- i) The *Dual* for the function $F = (A + \bar{D}) \cdot BC + \bar{A}\bar{B} + C$ is:
 $((A \cdot \bar{D}) + \bar{B} + C) \cdot ((\bar{A} + \bar{B}) \cdot C)$

j) Given $\tilde{F}(A, B, C) = (\bar{A}C + \bar{B})(\bar{B} + \bar{C}) \rightarrow ((\bar{A} + \bar{C}), \bar{B}) \cdot (\bar{B}, \bar{C})$

Determine $F(A, B, C) = \sum_m (2, 3, 6, 7)$

A	B	C	F
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	1

8. What is the maximum number of elements that the octal numbers 00-47 can be used to encode?

Lvi Polmash

- M

9. What is the minimum number of bits required in order to encode 1000 elements?

i-AT Points

- 11

70) The equivalent gray code for the binary code 1101 is a code that encodes 14 elements in a sequence.



Problem 1. Solve the following short problems. (8 points)

a) $(A5)_{16}$ is equal to $(\quad)_{10}$

b) $(0.712)_8$ is equal to $(\quad)_{16}$

c) $(10010110)_{BCD}$ is equal to $(\quad)_{2}$

d) Given a binary code with 3-bit in the integer part and 2-bit in the fraction part, the maximum number of elements that can be represented using this code is

e) Assume N is a 3-digit number represented in hexadecimal. The minimum number of digits needed when representing N in BCD is

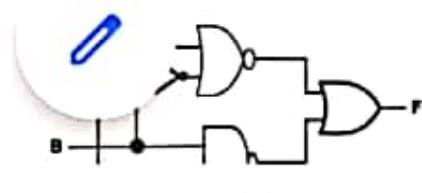
f) Given $F(A, B, C) = (A + B)(\bar{C} + \bar{A}B)$. Determine $\bar{F}(A, B, C) = \sum_m(\quad)$

g) Given $F(A, B, C) = A + B(A + C) + \bar{A}B$. The simplest SOP form of F is

h) Given $F(A, B, C) = \sum_m(1, 4, 5)$. The simplest POS form of F is

1

Problem 2. Write the truth table for the following circuits (2 points)



A	B	F
0	0	
0	1	
1	0	



5. Find value of the following numbers when we limit the number of the digits to the right of the decimal point to 3. Find the answer for the **round** and **truncate** scenarios

- a. $(FE.AB39)_{16}$
- b. $(FE.1568)_{16}$
- c. $(34.1314)_8$
- d. $(12.1235)_{16}$
- e. $(12.1235)_{10}$
- f. $(12.1235)_n$



Chapter_1_Practice_problems_



1. Perform the following number system conversions.
 - a. $(1100101.1011)_2 = ?_{10}$
 - b. $(1A9.D)_{16} = ?_{10}$
 - c. $(617)_8 = ?_{10}$
 - d. $(1011)_{10} = ?_2$
 - e. $(1100101.1011)_2 = ?_8 = ?_{16}$
 - f. $(1A9.D)_{16} = ?_8 = ?_2$
 - g. $(617)_8 = ?_{16} = ?_2$
 - h. $(110)_{16} = ?_{10} = ?_2$
 2. Find the base (radix) of the following numbers given their decimal equivalents.
 - a. $(35)_x = (26)_{10}$
 - b. $(1A5)_x = (269)_{10}$
 3. How many bits are required to represent the following numbers in binary:
 - a. A 3-decimal digit pin code
 - b. The number of days in a year
 4. Perform the following binary/octal/hexadecimal conversions
 - a. $(2460.573)_8 = ?_2 = ?_{16}$
 - b. $(ACE.FED)_{16} = ?_2 = ?_8$
 5. Find value of the following numbers when we limit the number of digits after the decimal point to 3. Find the answer for the round and truncate
 - a. $(FE.AB39)_{16}$
 - b. $(FE.1568)_{16}$
 - c. $(34.1314)_8$
 - d. $(12.1235)_{16}$
 - e. $(12.1235)_{10}$
 - f. $(12.1235)_8$
 6. Convert the following decimal numbers using the division and multiplication method.



expression for function M.

4. Prove the following Boolean expressions using algebraic manipulation

a. $ABC' + BC'D' + BC + C'D = B + C'D$

b. $AD' + A'B + C'D + B'C = (A' + B' + C' + D')(A + B + C + D)$

6. Convert the following decimal numbers using the division and multiplication method.

a. $(97.8125)_{10} = ?_2$

2 of 2



b. $(1337.625)_{10} = ?_8$

c. $(61.64)_{10} = ?_5$

7. Answer the following question regarding ASCII codes

- a. What is the range of letters a-z in ASCII
- b. What is the range of letters A-Z in ASCII
- c. What bit position in an ASCII code must be complemented to change the ASCII letter represented from the uppercase to lower case and vice versa.

8. Base 20 has been historically used for number systems

- a. Write the digits for the base 20 numbers
- b. Convert $(BC1.G)_{20}$ to decimal

9. Find the parity bit for the following numbers:

- a. $(10111011101)_2$ Even Parity $\rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ Odd Parity $\rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- b. $(BCD)_{16}$ Even Parity $\rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ Odd Parity $\rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- c. $(755)_8$ Even Parity $\rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ Odd Parity $\rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

10. What is the equivalent decimal number for the following codes

- a. $(0101\ 1000\ 0011)_{\text{Excess3}} = ()_{10}$
- b. $(1100\ 1011\ 0011)_{\text{Excess3}} - ()_{10}$

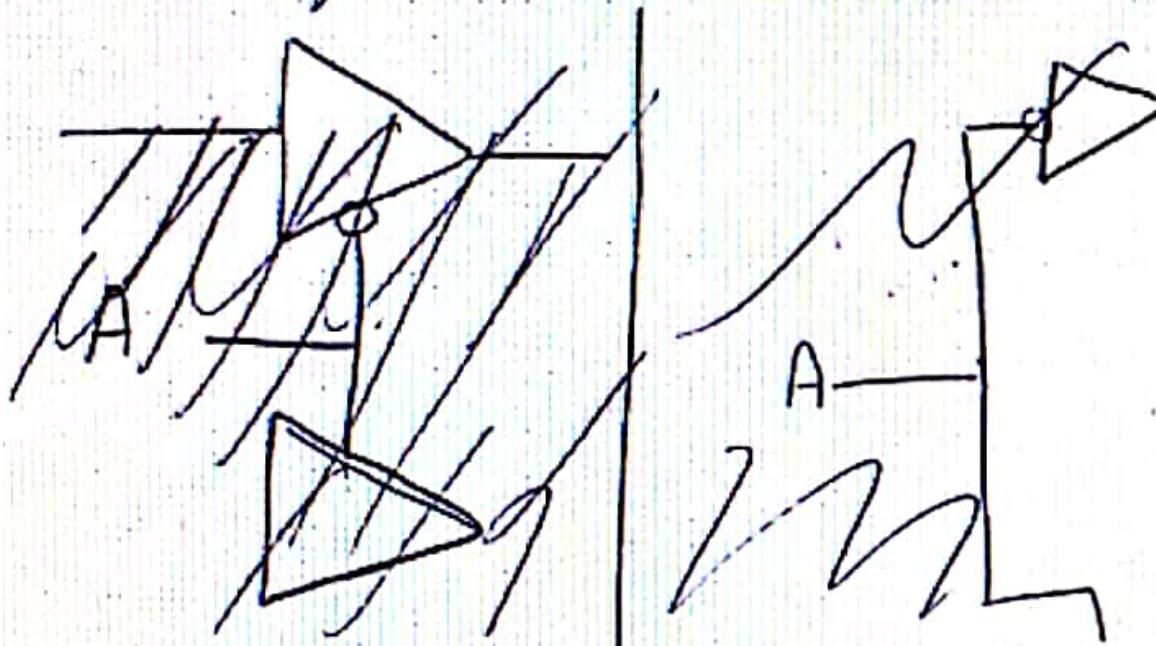
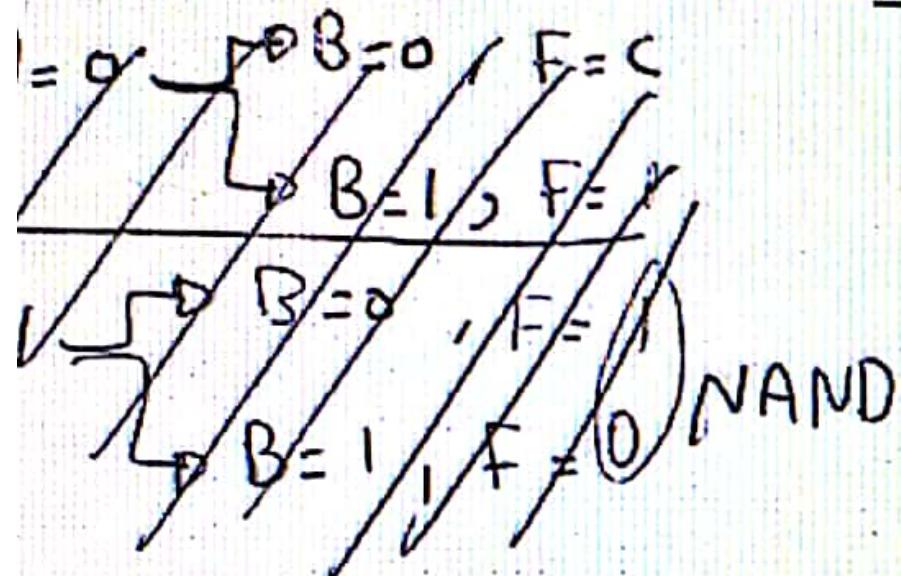
11. Find the equivalent code for the following decimal number

- a. $(1315)_{10} = (?)_{\text{BCD}}$
- b. $(9759)_{10} = (?)_{\text{Excess3}}$
- c. $(15)_{10} = (?)_{\text{s.4.2.1}}$

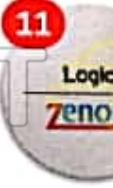
Problem 3. The following table is the truth table for $F(A,B,C)$. Draw the implementation of the function using only two Tri-state buffers and any number of 2-input NAND gates.

(3 points)

A	B	C	F
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1
0	1	0	1
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	0
1	1	1	0



$0,1 \Rightarrow 1$
NOR \rightsquigarrow NAND

c) $(472.163)_8$ is equal to ()₁₆d) $(01100011)_{BCD}$ is equal to ()₈e) $(1110)_3$ is equal to ()₂

- f) If the total number of parking spots at the University of Jordan is 530. What is the *minimum* number of digits needed to assign each parking spot a unique code in the numbering system of base 6 (i.e. radix = 6):

- g) If A, B, and C are three *consecutive* gray codes. A= 1011 and C=1110. Which of the following codes is a valid value for B:

- I. 1010 II. 1110 III. 1001 IV. 0110 V. None

- h) If the value of the parity bit for the code word (1011011101111) is 1. The type of the used parity is.....

- i) The *Dual* for the function $F = (A + \bar{B}) \cdot BC + \bar{A}\bar{B} + C$ is:

.....

- j) Given $F(A, B, C) = (\bar{A}C + \bar{B})(\bar{B} + \bar{C})$

Determine $F(A, B, C) = \sum_m ()$

8. What is the maximum number of elements that the octal numbers 00-47 can be used to encode? *

*

(-1 Points)

39

40

47

48

64

9. What is the minimum number of bits required in order to encode 1000 elements? *

(-1 Points)

7

8

9

10

11

10. The equivalent gray code for the binary code 1101 in a system that encodes 16 elements is: *

(-1 Points)

Given the following equation, what is the value of r?

$$(11.4)_{16} = (101.1)_r$$

- a. 2
- b. 6
- c. 5
- d. 4



Which of these statements is **False**, if the domain for all variables consists of all integers.

- a. $\exists n \exists m (n + m = 4 \wedge n - m = 2)$
- b. $\exists n \forall m (n < m^2)$
- c. $\exists n \forall m (nm = m)$
- d. $\exists m \forall n (n^2 < m)$

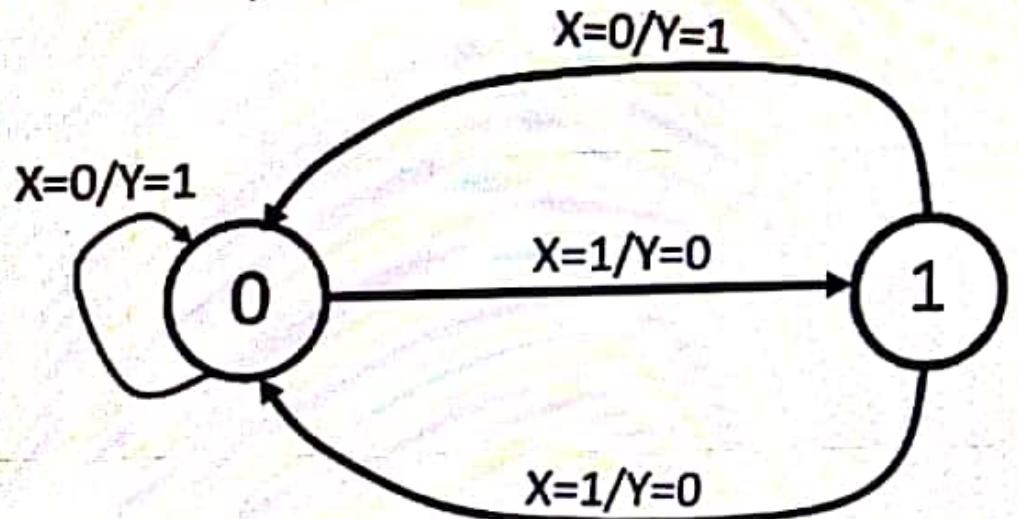


Digital Logic (CPE 231)

Chapter 1 Practice Problems

1. Perform the following number system conversions.
 - a. $(1100101.1011)_2 = ?_{10}$
 - b. $(1A9.D)_{16} = ?_{10}$
 - c. $(617)_8 = ?_{10}$
 - d. $(1011)_{10} = ?_2$
 - e. $(1100101.1011)_2 = ?_8 = ?_{16}$
 - f. $(1A9.D)_{16} = ?_8 = ?_2$
 - g. $(617)_8 = ?_{16} = ?_2$
 - h. $(110)_{16} = ?_{10} = ?_2$
 2. Find the base (radix) of the following numbers given their decimal equivalents.
 - a. $(35)_x = (26)_{10}$
 - b. $(1A5)_x = (269)_{10}$
 3. How many bits are required to represent the following numbers in binary?
 - a. A 3-decimal digit pin code
 - b. The number of days in a year
 4. Perform the following binary/octal/hexadecimal conversions
 - a. $(2460.573)_8 = ?_2 = ?_{16}$
 - b. $(ACE.FED)_{16} = ?_2 = ?_8$
 5. Find value of the following numbers when we limit the number of the digits to the right of the decimal point to 3. Find the answer for the **round** and **truncate** scenarios
 - a. $(FE.AB39)_{16}$
 - b. $(FE.1568)_{16}$
 - c. $(34.1314)_8$
 - d. $(12.1235)_{16}$
 - e. $(12.1235)_{10}$
 - f. $(12.1235)_8$
 6. Convert the following decimal numbers using the division and multiplication method.
 - a. $(97.8125)_{10} = ?_2$
 - b. $(1337.625)_{10} = ?_8$
 - c. $(61.64)_{10} = ?_5$
-

Consider the below state diagram of a sequential circuit and answer the below questions.



- a. What is the output equation of Y?
- b. Assuming we are using a JK flip-flop in the circuit, what is the input equation of J?
- c. Assuming we are using a JK flip-flop in the circuit, what is the input equation of K?
- d. Assuming we are using a D flip-flop in the circuit, what is the input equation of D?

X	=
1	=
A' X	=

Next p

What is the GN cost for the below expression? Note: do not simplify.

$$W' (X' + Y Z' + Y')$$



- a. 11
- b. 8
- c. 12
- d. 9
- e. 10

For a function $F(X, Y, Z) = X'Y'Z' + XY'Z + X'YZ + XYZ'$, which one of the following statements is invalid?



- a. $F(X, Y, Z) = \sum_m (0, 5, 3, 6)$
- b. $F'(X, Y, Z) = \pi_M (0, 5, 3, 6)$
- c. $F(X, Y, Z) = \pi_M (1, 2, 4, 7)$
- d. $F'(X, Y, Z) = \sum_m (0, 5, 3, 6)$

DIGITAL LOGIC | جمیع الشعب

[Home](#)[My courses](#)[DIGITAL LOGIC | جمیع الشعب](#)[General](#)[Final Exam](#)

Time le

Question 13Not yet
answeredMarked out of
3.00 Flag
questionLet $N = 10110$ and $M = 01010$ Assuming signed 2s complement form, What is the overflow bit when computing $N - M$?

1 :

Assuming signed 2s complement form, What is the overflow bit when computing $N + M$?

1 :

Assuming unsigned representation, What is the overflow bit when computing $N + M$?

0 :

Question 14

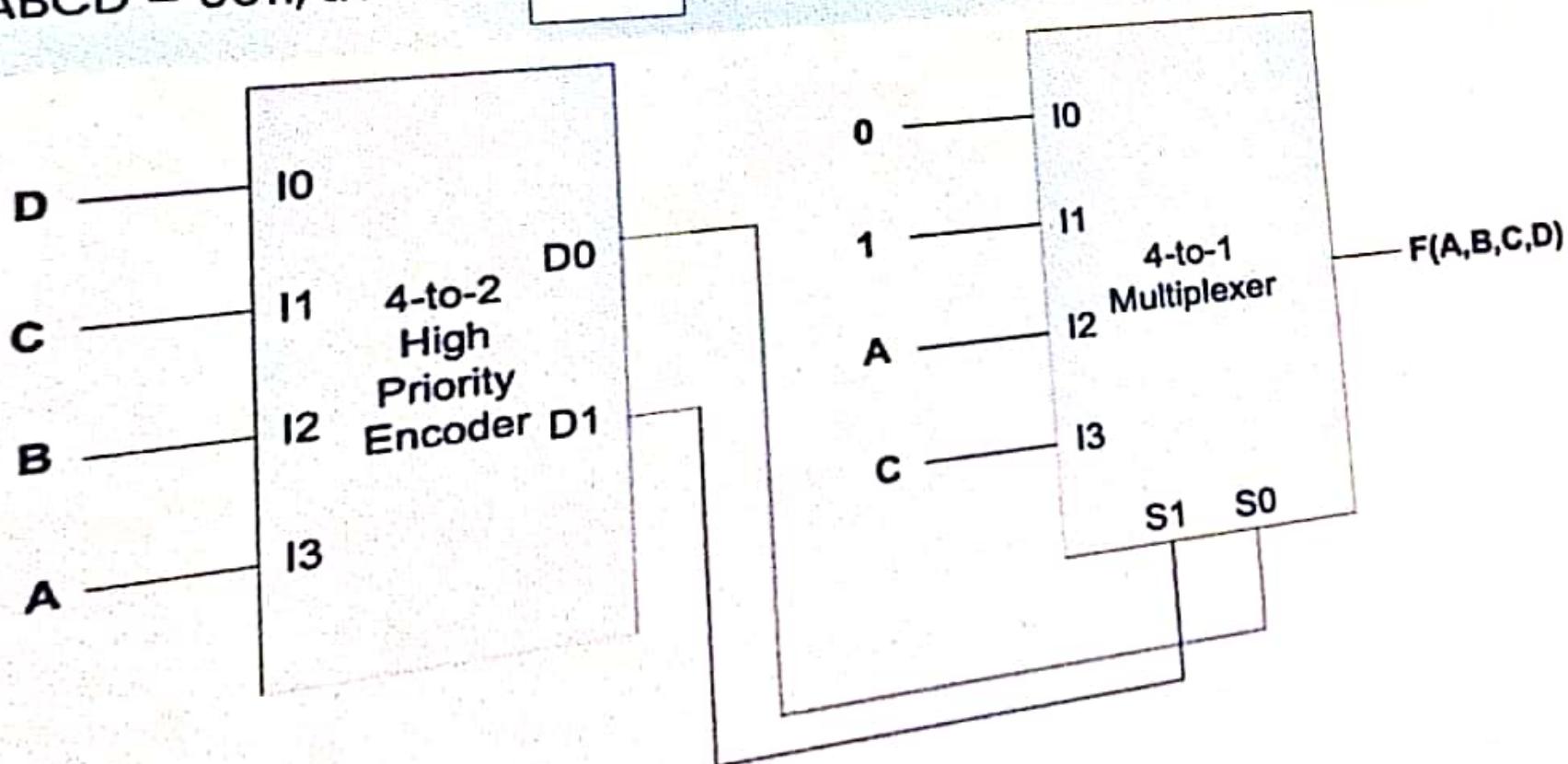
Given the below circuit:

$$\neg F = \boxed{1} :$$

Given the below circuit:

If $ABCD = 1010$, then $F =$

If $ABCD = 0011$, then $F =$



Let $N = -20$.



Assuming we are using seven bits, what is N in the following number representations?

N in sign-magnitude representation is 1010100 ↴

N in 2s complement representation is 1101100 ↴

N in 1s complement representation is 1101011 ↴

Consider the below state diagram of a sequential circuit.

Present State A	Inputs X Y	Next State A+	Output y
0	0 0	0	1
0	0 1	1	1
0	1 0	0	1
0	1 1	0	1
1	0 0	1	0
1	0 1	0	0
1	1 0	1	0
1	1 1	0	0

a. Is the sequential circuit Moore or Mealy? Moore Mealy

b. Assuming we are using a T flip-flop, what is the input equation of T? $X'Y + AY$ $X'Y + AY'$

Question 18Not yet
answeredMarked out of
3.00 Flag
question

Consider the below state diagram of a sequential circuit.

Present State A	Inputs X Y	Next State A+	Output Y
0	0 0	0	1
0	0 1	1	1
0	1 0	0	1
0	1 1	0	1
1	0 0	1	0
1	0 1	0	0
1	1 0	1	0
1	1 1	0	0

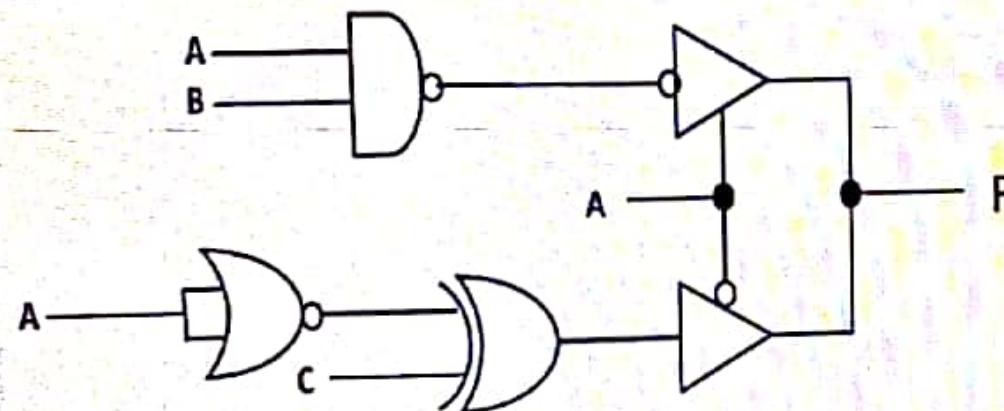
a. Is the sequential circuit Moore or Mealy? Moore :

b. Assuming we are using a T flip-flop, what is the input equation of T? $X'Y + AY =$

Given the below circuit:

If $ABC = 010$, then $F = \boxed{1 \Leftrightarrow}$

If $ABC = 101$, then $F = \boxed{0 \Leftrightarrow}$



Consider the below state diagram of a sequential circuit and answer the below questions.

$$X=0/Y=1$$

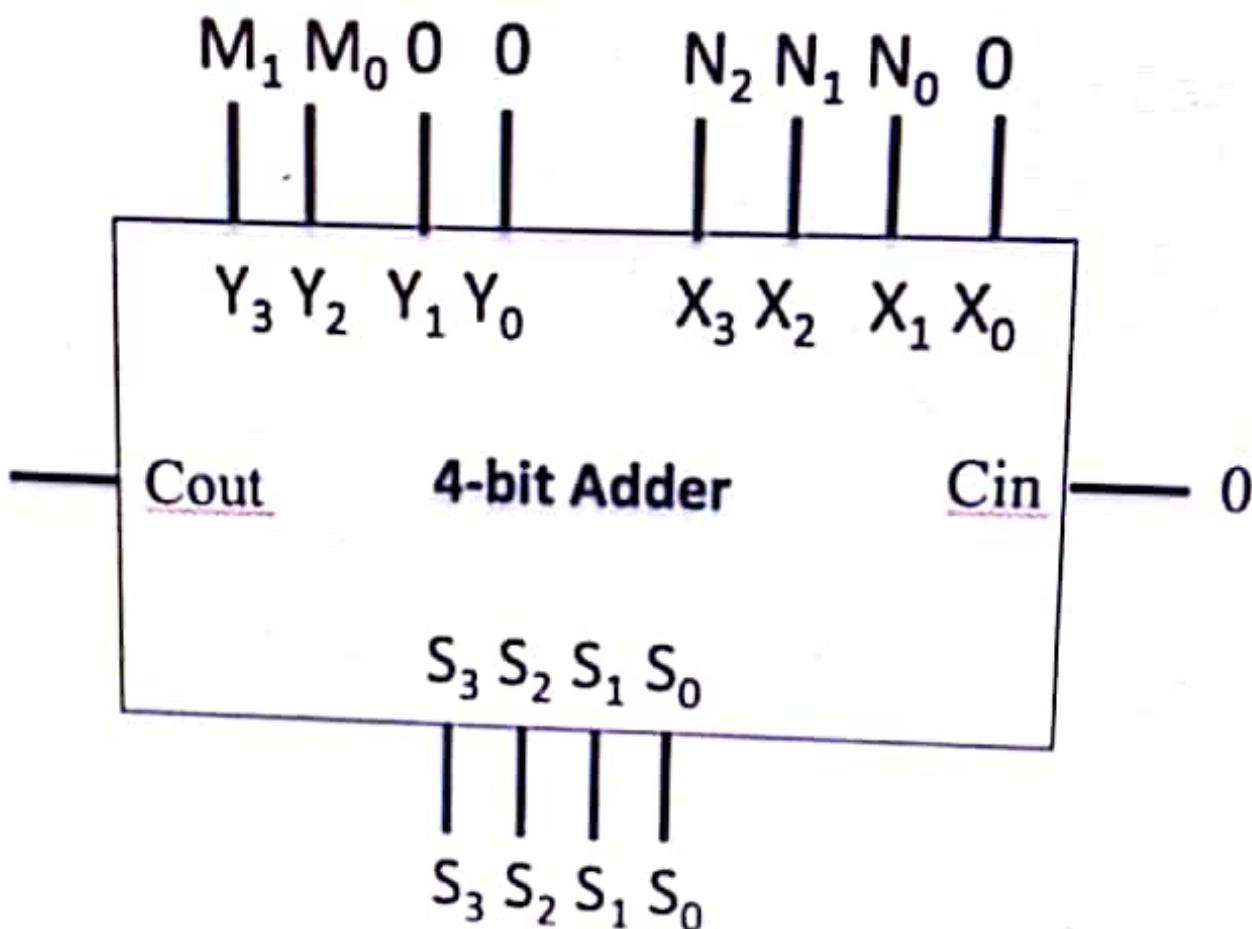
A 1-to-8 Demultiplexer can also be used as

- a. 8-to-1 Multiplexer
- b. 3-to-8 regular Decoder
- c. 8-to-3 Encoder
- d. 3-to-8 Decoder with enable



Assume N, M and S are 4-bit unsigned numbers.

Which operation is computed by the following circuit?



- i. $S = M + 2 * N$
- ii. None of the answers is correct
- iii. $S = 2 * M + 2 * N$
- iv. $S = 2 * M + N$
- v. $S = 4 * M + 2 * N$
- vi. $S = 2 * M + 4 * N$
- vii. $S = 4 * M + 4 * N$

We want to implement the below function using the 2:1 MUX shown in below. Note that the selection line has been connected to A.

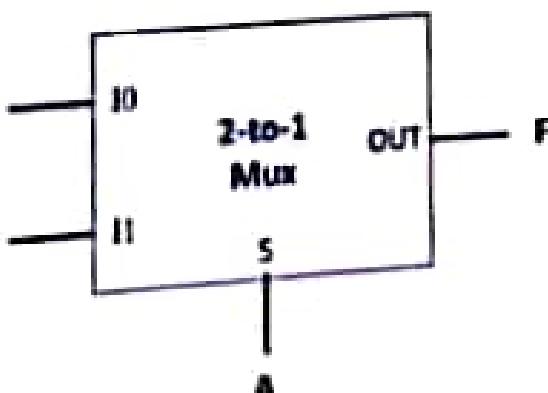
What should be connected to I0 ?

$$B \odot C :$$

What should be connected to I1 ?

$$C' :$$

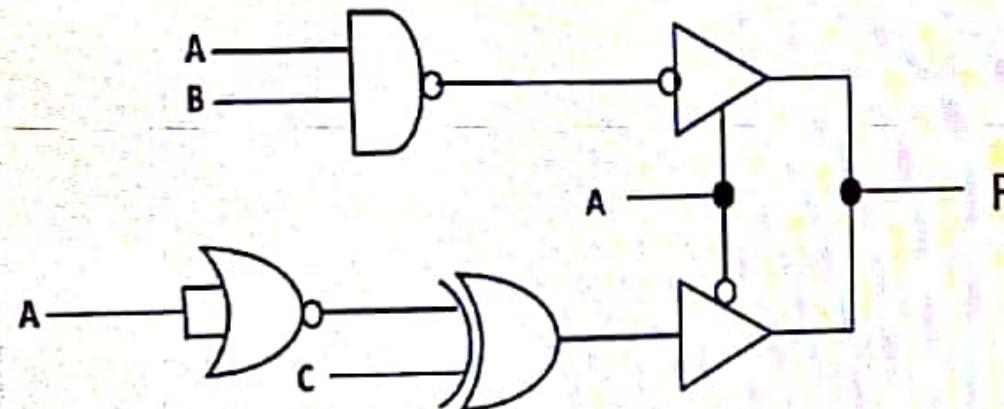
A	B	C	F
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	0
1	1	1	0



Given the below circuit:

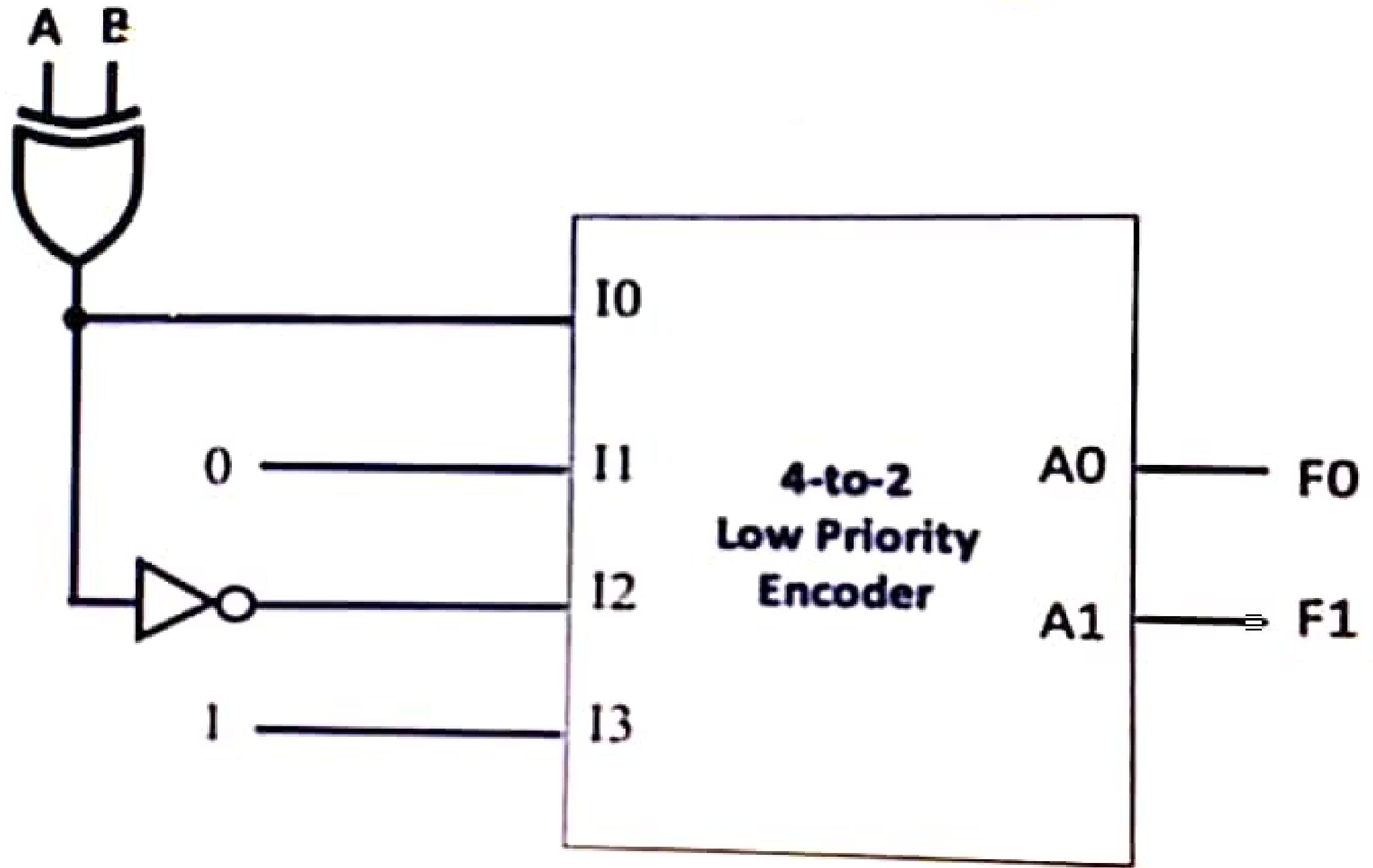
If $ABC = 010$, then $F = \boxed{1 \Leftrightarrow}$

If $ABC = 101$, then $F = \boxed{0 \Leftrightarrow}$

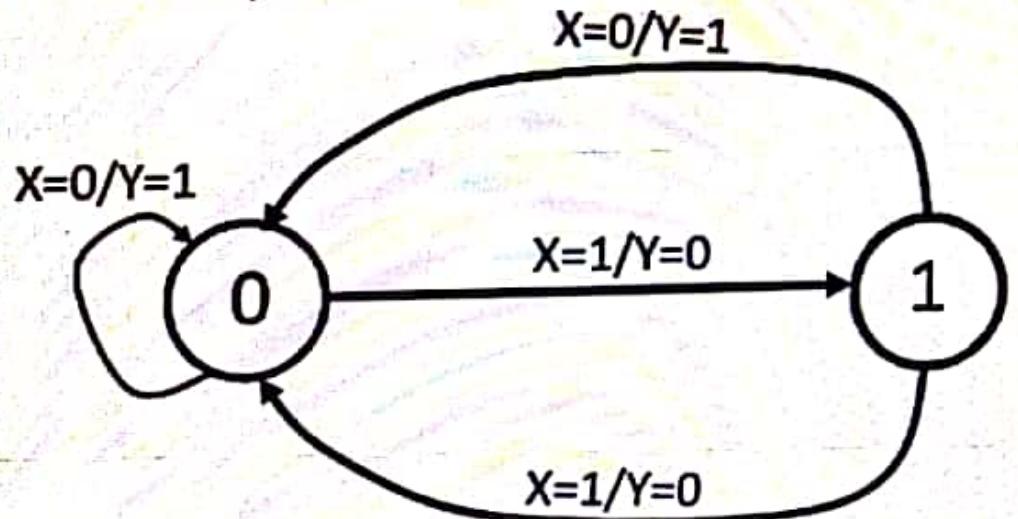


Consider the below state diagram of a sequential circuit and answer the below questions.

$$X=0/Y=1$$



Consider the below state diagram of a sequential circuit and answer the below questions.



- a. What is the output equation of Y?
- b. Assuming we are using a JK flip-flop in the circuit, what is the input equation of J?
- c. Assuming we are using a JK flip-flop in the circuit, what is the input equation of K?
- d. Assuming we are using a D flip-flop in the circuit, what is the input equation of D?

Next p

Assuming 8-bit signed 2s complement representation, what is the result of the following operation?

$$11001100 - 01110001 = \boxed{01011011} \leftarrow$$

Does an overflow occur? yes

Which of the following can be built using only three 4-input OR gates?

a. None of the answers is correct

b. 2-to-4 Decoder

c. 4-to-2 Encoder

d. 4-to-16 Decoder

e. 8-to-3 Encoder

[Clear my choice](#)

An 4-to-1 multiplexer has inputs A, and B connected to the selection inputs S1 and S0, respectively. The data inputs I0 through I3, are as follows:

I0 = 0, I1 = 1; I2 = C', I3 = C , The Boolean function that the multiplexer implements is:

a. $F = \Sigma m (2, 3, 4, 7)$

b. $F = \Sigma m (0, 4, 5, 6, 7)$

c. $F = \Sigma m (0, 1, 5, 6)$

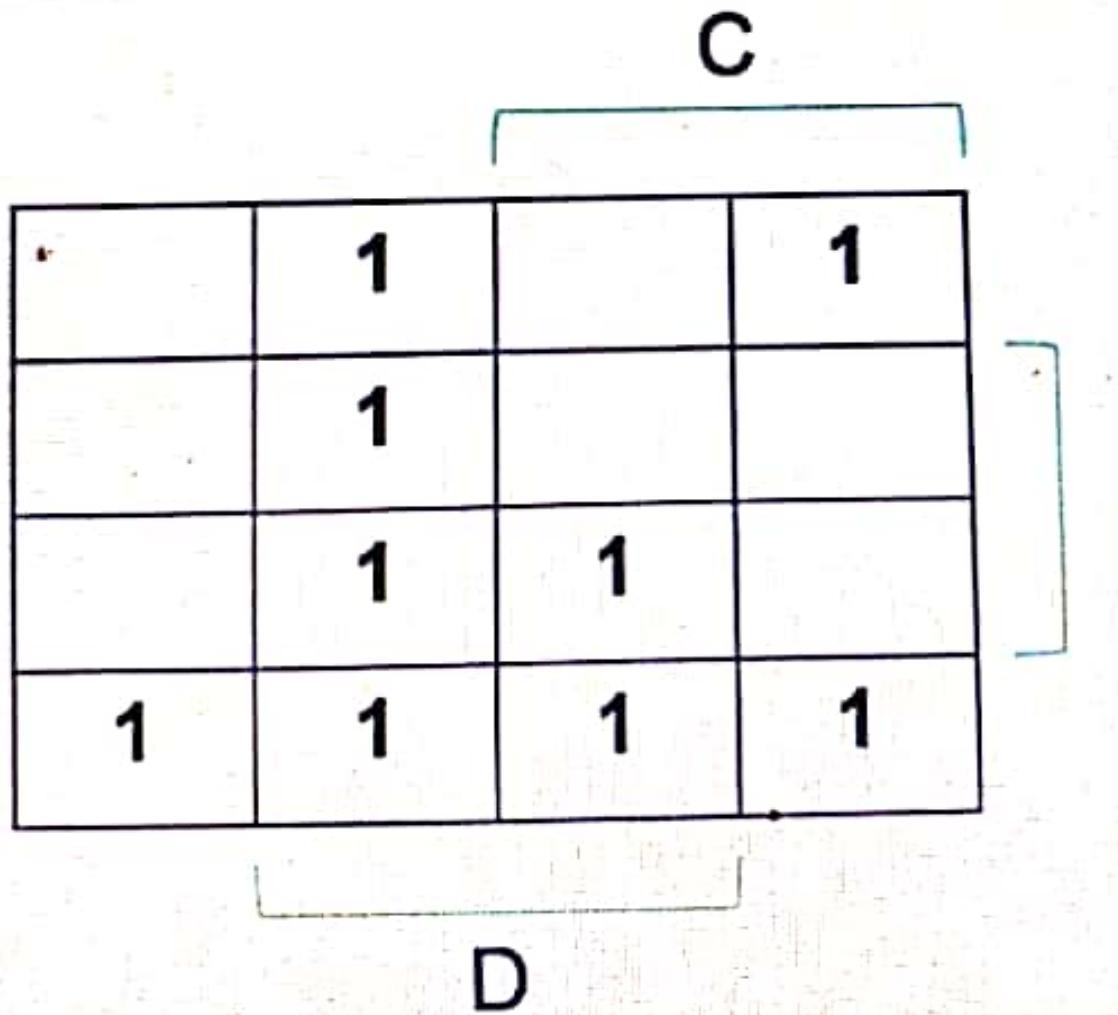
d. $F = \Sigma m (2, 3, 5, 6)$

[Clear my choice](#)

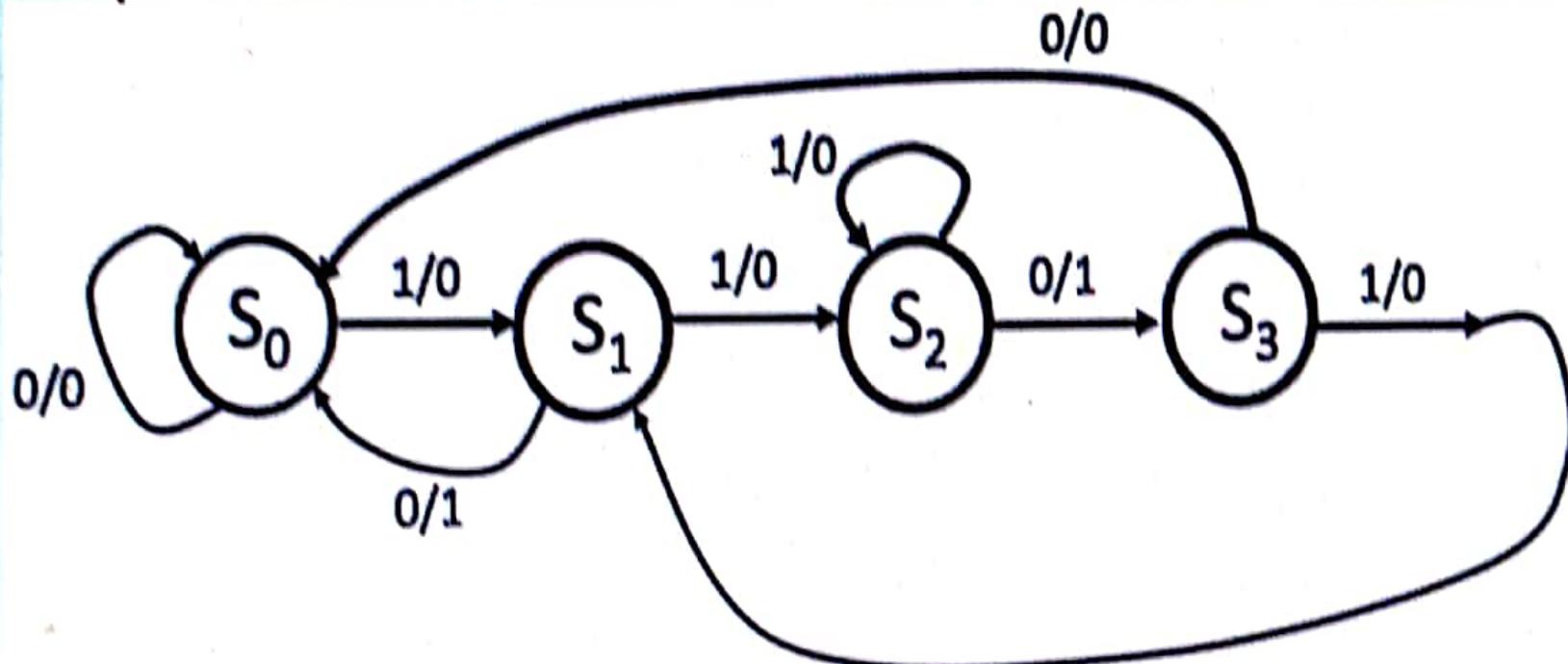
Given the below k-map of the function $F(A,B,C,D)$

what is the number of prime implicant? 4

what is the number of essential prime implicant? 4



Consider the below state diagram

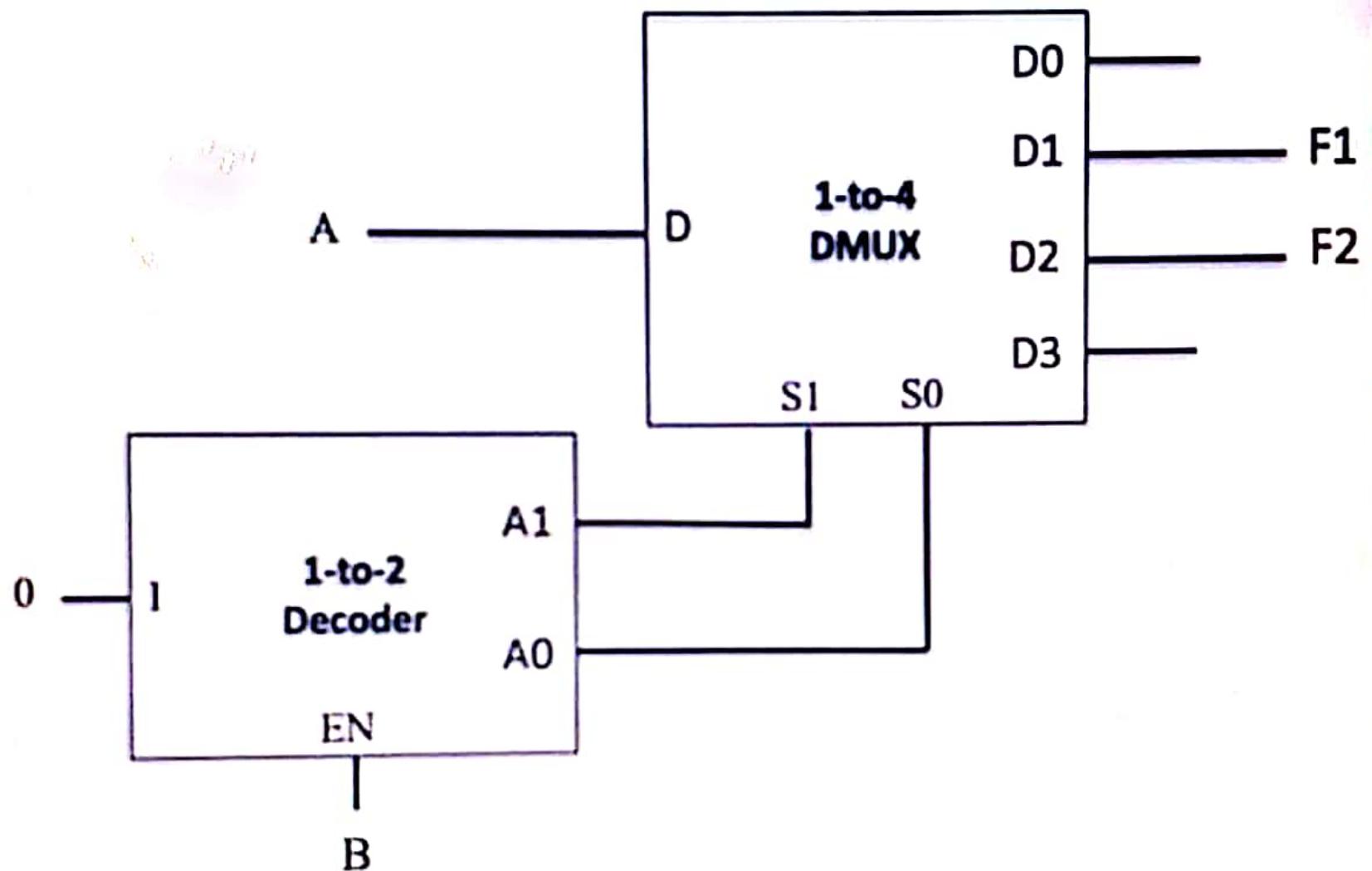


a. Are states S_1 and S_2 equivalent ?

no

b. Are states S_0 and S_3 equivalent ?

yes



Given the above circuit, what are the equations of F_1 and F_2 ?

- i. $F_1 = AB$, $F_2 = 0$
- ii. $F_1 = A$, $F_2 = 0$