

Q1) Given the following definition of a **Singly Linked List**, use the functions whose prototype appear in the public or Private section (**if needed**) to answer questions **A-C** :

```

class SLList
{
private:
    SLLNode * head;    // points to the first node in a list
    void copyList(const SLList & otherList); //copy from one list to another

public:
    int deletefromhead( );           //deletes the first node
    void deleteNode(int el);         //delete node from linked list
    bool checkPrime(int el);         //check number prime or not
};

```

A. Write the **assignment Overload operator** function for the above class. (4 marks)

```

const SLList & SLList::operator=(const SLList& otherList) è 1 Mark
{
    if(this != &otherList)
        copyList(otherList); è 2 Mark

    return *this; è 1 Mark
}

```

B. Add a definition of function **deleteFromtail** to a class **Singly Linked List** that will delete the last node from the above defined linked list and return the value of the deleted node. (5 marks)

```

int SLList::deleteFromtail()
{
    int el;
    if (head->next == NULL) è 1 Mark
    {
        el = head ->info;
        delete head; è 1 Mark
        head = NULL;
    }
    else
    {
        SLLNode * tmp=head; è 1 Mark
        for ( ; tmp->next-> next != NULL; tmp = tmp->next); è 1 Mark
        el = tmp->next->info;
        delete tmp->next;
        tmp->next=NULL; 1 Mark
    }
    return el;}

```

Instructor:Nabeel Alassaf

C. Write a definition of a function **delete_Prime** that will delete all nodes that contain Prime integers. (5 marks)

```
void SLList::delete_Prime( )
{
    SLLNode *tmp1=head,*tmp2=head->next;    è 1 Mark
    while (tmp1!=NULL)    è 1 Mark
    {
        if (checkPrime(tmp1->info))    è 1 Mark
        {
            cout<<"deleting the Prime:"<<tmp1->info;
            deleteNode(tmp1->info);    è 1 Mark
        }
        if(tmp2!= NULL)
        {
            tmp1=tmp2; è 1 Mark
            tmp2=tmp2->next;
        }
        else
            tmp1=tmp2;
    }
}
```

Q2) Given the following definition of a **Doubly Linked List**, use the functions whose prototype appear in the public section (if needed) to answer questions A,B :

```
template <class T>
class DLList
{
private:
    DLLNode<T> * P;    // pointer that points to any node in
                    // a list(maybe first, last, or any position)

public:
    void addatpos(int pos,T el);    //adds element at position
    void addtotail (T el);    // adds element at end
    void addtohead(T el);    // adds element at begin
};
```

A. Add a definition of a function **printForward** to class **Doubly Linked List** that will print all elements of a list Forwards. (5 marks)

```
Template <class T>    è 1 Mark
Void DLList<T>::printForward( )
{
    While(P->prev!=NULL) è 1 Mark
    P=P-> prev;

    While(P!=NULL) è 1 Mark
    {
        cout<< P->info;    è 1 Mark
        P=P->next;    è 1 Mark
    }
}
```

B. Add a definition of a function **addsorted** to a **Doubly Linked List** that will add an element in a correct position into a linked list that contains elements **sorted decreasingly**. (6 marks)

Template <class T>

Void DLLList<T>::addsorted(T el)

```
{
for ( ;P->prev!=NULL ;P=P->prev); è 1 Mark
int p=0; è 1 Mark
while(P!=NULL && P->info>el) è 2 Mark
{
P=P->next;
p++; è 1 Mark
}
Addatpos(p,el); è 1 Mark
}
```

Q3) Given the following definition of **Circular Singly linked List** use the functions whose prototype appear in the public section (**if needed**) to answer questions A:

```
template <class t>
class CSLList
{
    CSLLNode<t> * tail; //points to the last node
public:
    bool is_empty() //returns true if the Circular Singly linked List is empty
    int size() //return number of nodes in Circular Singly linked List
        .
        .
        .
};
```

A) Define a member function **deletehead** that will delete the first node from **Circular Singly linked List** defined above. (5 marks)

```
template<class t>
void CSLList <t>:: deletehead ()
{
    if(tail ==NULL)
        cout<<"Cannot delete from an empty linked list"<<endl; } 1 Mark
    else
        if(tail->next==tail)
        {
            delete tail;
            tail=0; } 1 Mark
        }
    else
    {
        node <t>*tmp=tail->next; 1 Mark
        tail->next= tmp->next; 1 Mark
        delete tmp; 1 Mark
    }
}
```