

$$\begin{array}{r} 318 \\ 4x \\ \hline 12 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 450 \\ 51 \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 0.125 \\ 4x \\ \hline 0.500 \end{array}$$

28.5

0907231 Digital Logic	First Exam	Summer 2018
9 Problems, 5 Pages	75 Minutes	July 8 <sup>th</sup> , 2:30 PM
الاسم: <span style="background-color: black; color: black;">[REDACTED]</span> الرقم الجامعي: <span style="background-color: black; color: black;">[REDACTED]</span> الشعبة: <span style="background-color: black; color: black;">[REDACTED]</span> وليد دويك		

Problem 1: Solve the following short questions. (7 points)

a)  $(123.14)_{10}$  is equal to  $(38 + \frac{9}{25})_{10}$

$$1 \times 5^2 + 2 \times 5^1 + 3 \times 5^0 + 1 \times 5^{-1} + 4 \times 5^{-2}$$

$$25 + 10 + 3 + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{4}{25}$$

$$38 + \frac{9}{25}$$

(1)

b)  $(70.125)_{10}$  is equal to  $(1012.02)_4$

70	17	2	least
68	4	0	
2	1	0	
1	0	1	most

$$0.125 \times 4 = 0.5 \text{ max}$$

$$0.5 \times 4 = 2.0 \text{ least}$$

(1)

c)  $(FBI.19)_{16}$  is equal to  $(7661.062)_8$

11	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
7	6	6	1	0	6	1	2		

(1)

d)  $(010100111000)_{BCD}$  is equal to  $(538)_{10}$

5 3 8

(1)

e) If the total number of books in a public library is 950. Then what is the **minimum** number of digits needed to encode the number of books in binary (i.e. radix = 2).....  $2^n \geq 950 \geq 2^{n-1}$

$n=5 \Rightarrow 32$   
 $n=6 \Rightarrow 64$   
 $n=7 \Rightarrow 128$   
 $n=8 \Rightarrow 256$   
 $n=9 \Rightarrow 512$   
 $n=10 \Rightarrow 1024$

$M = 950$

(1)  $n=10$

$$2^n \geq M \geq 2^{n-1}$$

$$2^n \geq 950 \geq 2^{n-1}$$

$$x\bar{y} + xyZ + xy\bar{Z} + xyZ\bar{Z} + xy\bar{Z}$$

$$y(\bar{y} + y)$$

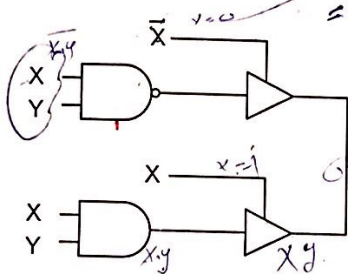
$$x\bar{y} + xyZ + xy\bar{Z} \quad y(\bar{y} + y)$$

$$x\bar{y} + xy$$

**Problem 4:** Using Boolean algebra, prove the following relational statement. Show your steps clearly. (3 points)

$$\begin{aligned} & x\bar{y} + (xyz + y\bar{z})(xyz + x) = x \\ & = x\bar{y} + xyZ + xy\bar{Z} + xyZ\bar{Z} + xy\bar{Z} \\ & = x\bar{y} + xy(Z + \bar{Z}) \\ & = x\bar{y} + xy \\ & = x(\bar{y} + y) \\ & = x \end{aligned}$$

**Problem 5:** Determine the Sum of Minterms (SOM) algebraic expression for  $F(X,Y)$  that is implemented by the circuit given below. (3 points)



$$\begin{aligned} & = (\bar{x} \cdot \bar{y}) + (x \cdot xy) \\ & = \bar{x} \cdot (\bar{y} + y) + x \cdot y \\ & = \bar{x} + \bar{x}y + xy \\ & = \bar{x} + \bar{x}y + xy \\ & = \bar{x}y + \bar{x}\bar{y} + xy \\ & = \bar{x}y + \bar{x}\bar{y} + xy \end{aligned}$$

$$F(X,Y) = \bar{x}y + \bar{x}\bar{y} + xy$$

**Problem 6:** Draw and Fill the K-map of function  $F$  given by the following Boolean expression. You must label the K-map with the input variables. (4 points)

8421

$$F(W,X,Y,Z) = \underline{X\bar{Y}} + \underline{\bar{W}X\bar{Z}} + \underline{W\bar{X}Y\bar{Z}} \quad \text{sop.}$$

(4 points)

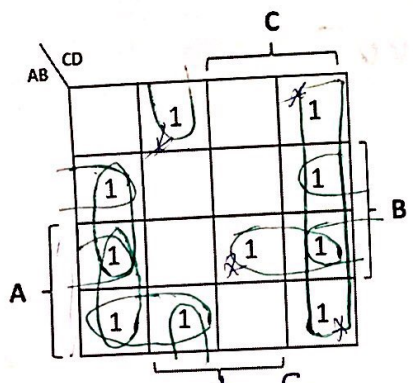
3.75

$$\begin{aligned} & = Wx\bar{y} + \bar{W}x\bar{y} \\ & = Wx\bar{y}z + Wx\bar{y}\bar{z} + \bar{W}x\bar{y}z + \bar{W}x\bar{y}\bar{z} + \bar{W}\bar{x}\bar{y}\bar{z} + \bar{W}x\bar{y}\bar{z} \end{aligned}$$

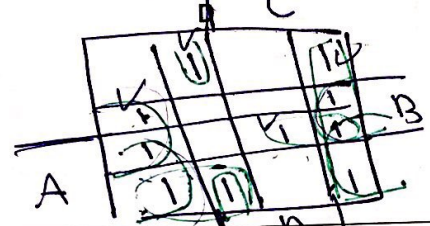
$$= \sum_m (0, 4, 5, 10, 12, 13)$$

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15

**Problem 7:** Consider the following K-map for function  $F(A, B, C, D)$ , identify the expressions of the six prime implicants and determine which are essential. (3 points)



Prime Implicant Expression	Is it Essential?
$\bar{B}\bar{C}D$	✓
$C\bar{D}$	✓
$B\bar{D}$	✓
$A\bar{D}$	✓
$A\bar{C}B$	✓
$ABC$	✓

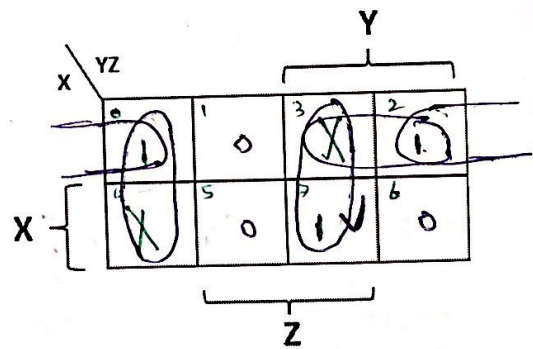


$\bar{B}\bar{C}D$  ✓  $C\bar{D}$  ✓  $B\bar{D}$  ✓  $A\bar{D}$  ✓  $A\bar{C}B$  ✓  $ABC$  ✓

**Problem 8:** Use the K-map below to find the optimized Boolean expression of function  $F(X, Y, Z)$  as Sum of Products (SoP). (2 points)

$$F(X, Y, Z) = \sum_m(0, 2, 7) + \sum_d(3, 4)$$

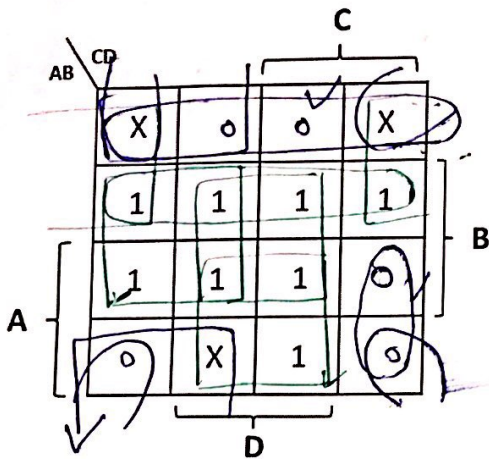
$$F = yz + \bar{x}\bar{z}$$



$yz$  ↓ essential  
 $\bar{x}\bar{z}$  → non essential

$F(X, Y, Z) = yz + \bar{x}\bar{z}$

Problem 9: Given the K-map of function  $F(A, B, C, D)$ , write the optimized Boolean expression of  $F$  as Product of Sums (PoS). (3 points)



$$\overline{B}\overline{C} + AD + \overline{A}B$$

• use 1s

$$\overline{F} = \overline{B}\overline{C} + AD + \overline{A}B$$

$$\overline{F} = (\overline{B} + C) \cdot (\overline{A} + \overline{D}) \cdot (\overline{A} + \overline{B})$$

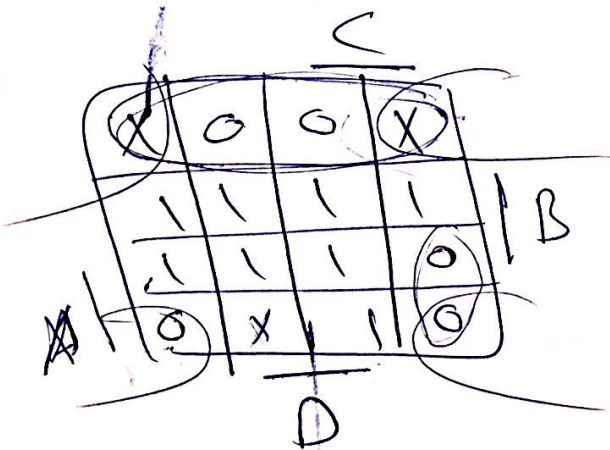
• complement use zero 0s

$$\overline{F} = \overline{A}\overline{B} + \overline{B}\overline{D} + A\overline{C}\overline{D}$$

$$\overline{F} = (A+B) \cdot (B+D) \cdot (\overline{A} + \overline{C} + \overline{D})$$

$$F(A, B, C, D) = (A+B) \cdot (B+D) \cdot (\overline{A} + \overline{C} + \overline{D})$$

$\overline{F}$



$$\overline{F} = \overline{A}\overline{B} + \overline{B}\overline{D} + A\overline{C}\overline{D}$$