

11-12

Problem 1. Solve the following short problems. (8 points)

7

a) $(A5)_{16}$ is equal to $(165)_{10}$ ✓

b) $(0.712)_8$ is equal to $(.E5)_{16}$ ✓

c) $(10010110)_{BCD}$ is equal to $(11000000)_2$ ✓

$\frac{96}{32} = \frac{1}{6} \frac{1}{5} \frac{0}{4} \frac{0}{3} \frac{0}{2} \frac{0}{1} \frac{0}{0}$

d) Given a binary code with 3-bit in the integer part and 2-bit in the fraction part, the maximum number of elements that can be represented using this code is 32 ✓

e) Assume N is a 3-digit number represented in hexadecimal. The minimum number of digits needed when representing N in BCD is ~~3 digit~~ 12 digits ✗

f) Given $F(A, B, C) = (A + B)(\bar{C} + \bar{A}B)$. Determine $\bar{F}(A, B, C) = \sum_m(0, 1, 5, 7)$ ✓

$\bar{F} = \bar{A}B + A\bar{C}B(AC + AB)$

g) Given $F(A, B, C) = A + B(A + C) + \bar{A}B$. The simplest SOP form of F is $A + B$ ✓

h) Given $F(A, B, C) = \sum_m(1, 4, 5)$. The simplest POS form of F is $\bar{B}(A + C)$ ✓

A) $\bar{F} = (A + B)(\bar{C} + \bar{A}B)$
 $\bar{F} = \bar{A}\bar{B} + C(A + \bar{B})$
 $\bar{F} = \bar{A}\bar{B} + AC + \bar{B}C$

	A	B	C
A	1	1	1
B	1	1	1
C	1	1	1

g) $A + AB + BC + \bar{A}B$
 $A + BC + \bar{A}B$

	A	B	C
A	1	1	1
B	1	1	1
C	1	1	1

F

	A	B	C
A	0	1	0
B	1	1	0
C	1	1	0

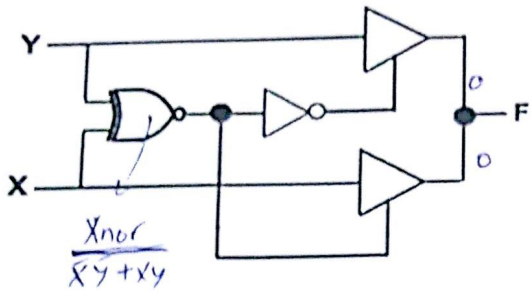
 $\bar{F} = B + \bar{A}\bar{C}$

$\bar{F} = \bar{B}(A + C)$

power unit

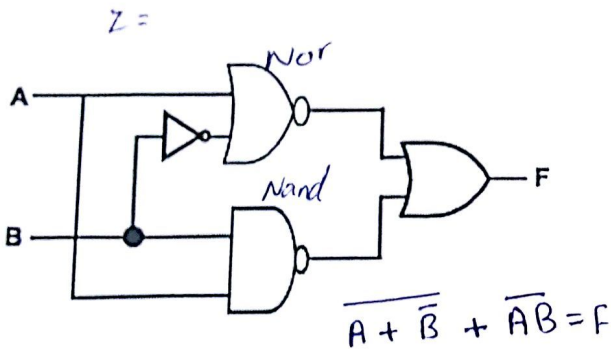
power unit

Problem 2. Write the truth table for the following circuits (4 points)



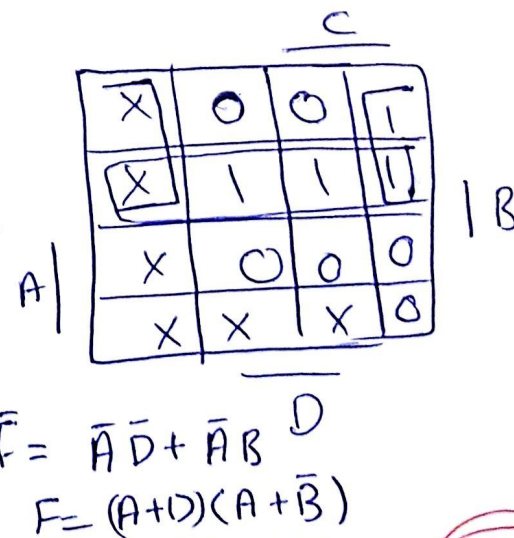
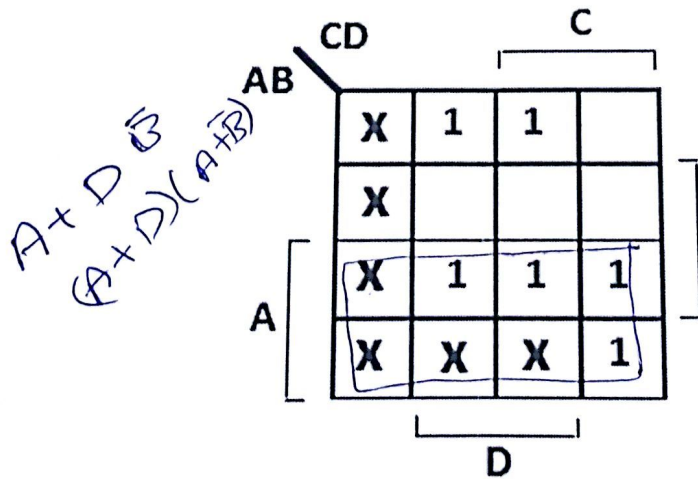
Z	X	Y	F
0	0	0	0
1	0	1	0 X
1	1	0	0 X
0	1	1	1

3



A	B	F
0	0	1
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

Problem 3: Given the K-map of $F(A, B, C, D)$, write the optimized Boolean expression of F as a Product of Sums (PoS). (2 points)



$F(A, B, C, D) = (A + D)(A + \bar{B})$

2

Problem 4: Given the following function F:

↓ Terms inverters
6 + 2 + 3

(3 points)

$$F(A, B, C, D) = (\bar{A} + C + \bar{D}) \cdot (\bar{A} + \bar{C}) \cdot A$$

- What is the gate-input cost, with inverters counted (GN), of F? **11**
- Fill-in the K-map of F.

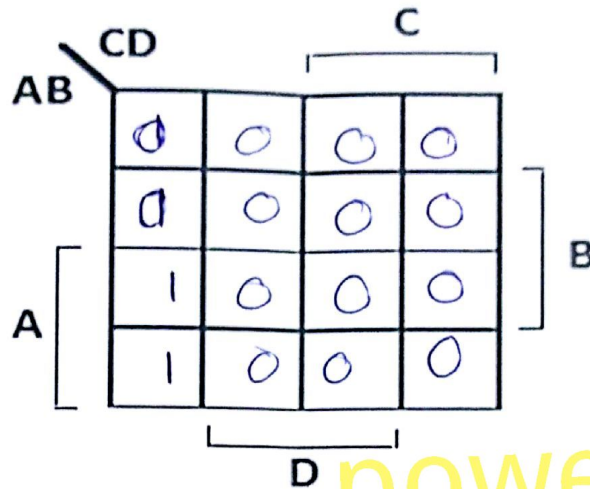
$$\bar{A} + \bar{A}\bar{C} + \bar{A}C + \bar{A}\bar{D} + \bar{A}\bar{C}\bar{D}$$

$$(\bar{A} + \bar{D}\bar{C})A = A\bar{D}\bar{C}$$

$$\bar{A} + \bar{A}\bar{C} + \bar{A}C + \bar{A}\bar{D} + \bar{A}\bar{C}\bar{D}$$

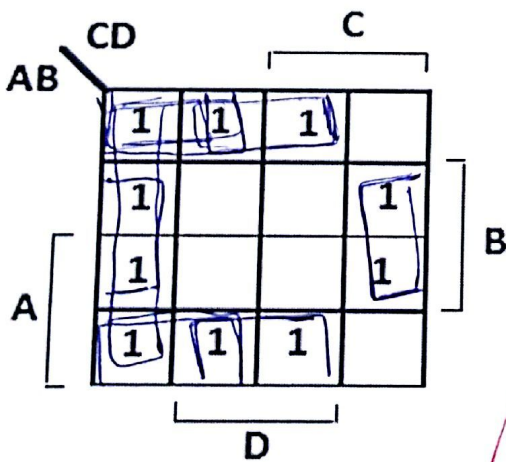
$$(\bar{A} + \bar{C}\bar{D})A = A\bar{C}\bar{D}$$

✓
3

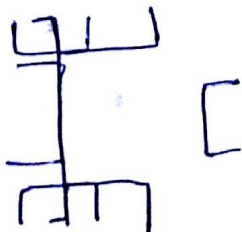


power unit

Problem 5: Consider the following k-map for the function F(A, B, C, D). Identify the expressions of all its prime implicants and determine which are essential. (3 points)



Prime Implicant Expression	Is it Essential?
$B\bar{D}$	Yes
$\bar{B}D$	Yes
$\bar{C}\bar{D}$	No
$\bar{C}\bar{B}$	No
—	
—	
—	



3

