

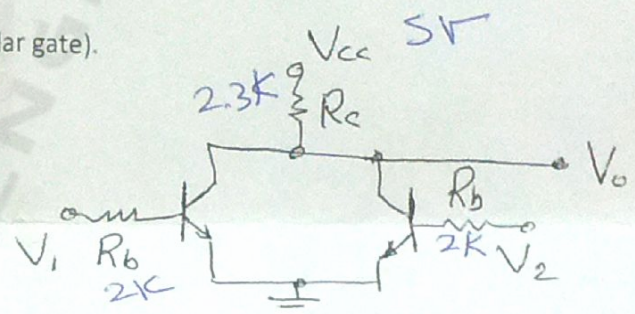
~~78~~ 3

Name: عبد الله محمد حياوي number: 0100576

Assume the following:  
 $V_{BE}$  at the edge between OFF and active = 0.7 V  
 $V_{BE}$  at the edge between active and saturation = 0.8 V  
 $V_{CE}$  at the edge between active and saturation is = 0.4 V  
 $V_{CE}$  in comfortable saturation is = 0.2  
 $B$  of the transistor = 200  
 $R_C = 2.3 K$       $R_B = 2 K$       $V_{CC} = 5 V$   
 P1 the input voltage at which the transfer characteristic starts to drop  
 P2 the input voltage at which the transfer characteristic ends dropping  
 The gate is cascaded (connected to other similar gate).

Drawn is the basic RTL gate.

0	0	1
0	1	0
1	1	0



The logic function of this gate expressed in terms of its inputs is:

~~AND gate~~  
 Its NOR gate ✓  $V_1 + V_2$

Fill the table with ( no change, increase, decrease, shift right, shift left) upon the given introduced change:

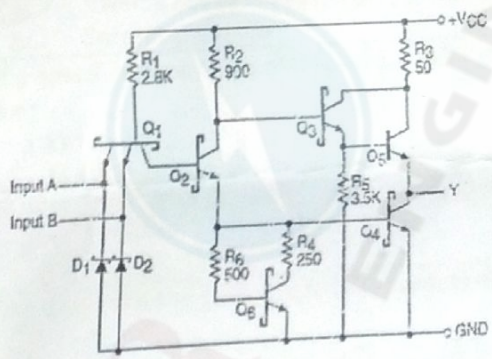
Introduced change	Fan-out	Voltage swing	P1	P2	Switching delay 0 → 1	Switching delay 1 → 0
Increase $R_C$	infinity	decrease	no change	shift left	decrease	decrease
Increase $V_{CC}$	no change	no change	no change	no change	decrease	increase



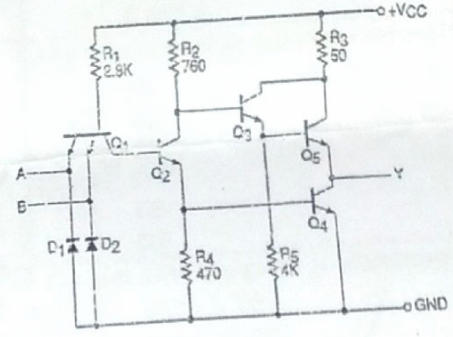
8

Name: محمد عبد الله العبدالله number: 0600729

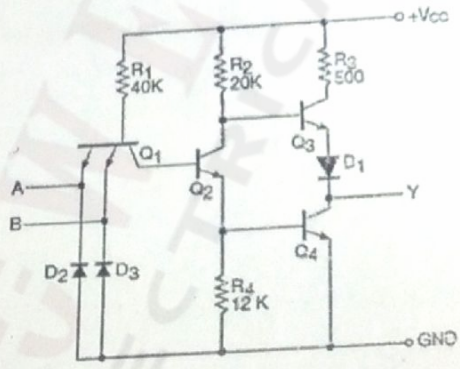
Assume the following:  
 $V_{BE}$  at the edge between OFF and active = 0.7 V  
 $V_{BE}$  at the edge between active and saturation = 0.8 V  
 $V_{CE}$  at the edge between active and saturation is = 0.4 V  
 $V_{CE}$  in comfortable saturation is = 0.2  
 $\beta$  of the transistor = 200  
 $V_{CC} = 5$  V  
 Given 4 diagrams for TTL gates.



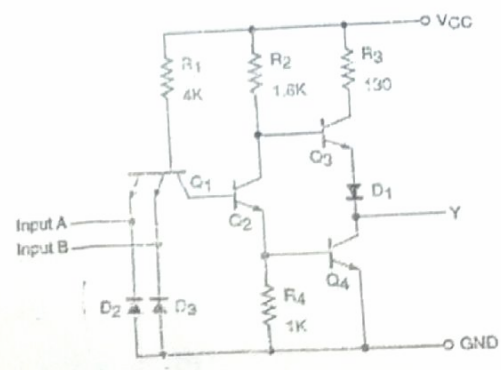
(a)



(b)



(c)



(d)



<p>The gate that has a passive pull-down is:</p> <p>(a) All  (b) A and b  <input checked="" type="radio"/> (c) C and d  (d) None</p> <p style="text-align: right;">✓ ⊙</p>	<p>The slowest gate is:</p> <p>1. A  2. B ✓  <input checked="" type="radio"/> 3. C  4. D ⊙</p>
<p>The gate with the most power dissipation is:</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> A  B. B  C. C  D. D</p> <p style="text-align: right;">✓ ⊙</p>	<p>The gate with an active pull-down is:</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> 1) A  2) B  3) C ✓  4) D ⊙</p>
<p>When all inputs are Low transistor Q1 is in:</p> <p>i. OFF mode  ii. Forward Active mode  <input checked="" type="radio"/> iii. Inverse active mode ✓ ⊙  iv. Saturation mode</p>	<p>Gates with totem pole are:</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> a) ALL ✓  b. None  c. A and B  d. C and D ⊙</p>
<p>If a specifications reads that <math>I_{IL} = -1.4</math> mA then it is for:</p> <p>1) A  2) B  3) C ✓  4) D ⊙  <input checked="" type="radio"/> 5) A or B</p>	<p>The transistor that will never saturate is:</p> <p>1. Q1  <input checked="" type="radio"/> 2. Q2 ✓  3. Q3  4. Q4  5. Q5  6. Q6</p>
<p>The gate with the best shape I/O characteristic:</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> i. A ✓  ii. B ⊙  iii. C  iv. D</p>	<p>Fan out of these gates is calculated when:</p> <p>A. Input is Low  B. Input is High  <input checked="" type="radio"/> C. Output is Low ✓  <input checked="" type="radio"/> D. Output is High ⊙</p>



10

University of Jordan  
 Computer engineering department  
 Digital Electronics  
 Quiz #3

Name: عبد الجبار عبد الله صوان

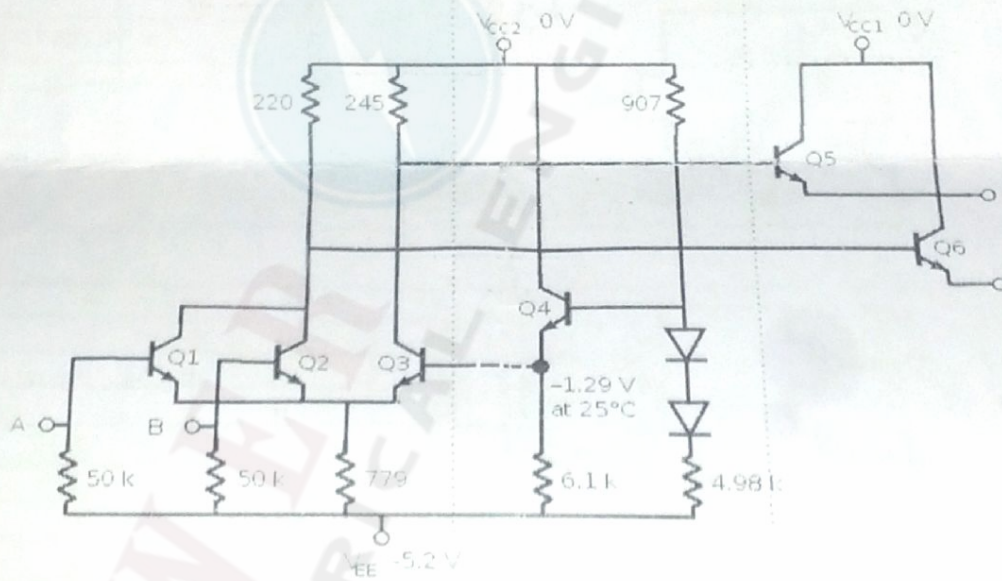
number: 0100576

ECL is an acronym of **Emitter-Coupled Logic**

The main advantage of ECL is in its:

- Fan out
- Noise margin
- Power dissipation
- **Speed**

Given the following ECL gate. Assume  $V_{BE(activ)} = 0.75\text{ V}$   $h_{FE} = 100$



Answer the following questions:

The logic function at $V_{o1}$ (in terms of A and B) is:	$A + B$
The logic function at $V_{o2}$ (in terms of A and B) is:	$(A + B)'$
The logic low level is:	- 1.74
The logic high level is:	- 0.75



University of Jordan  
Computer engineering department  
Digital Electronics  
Quiz #3

10

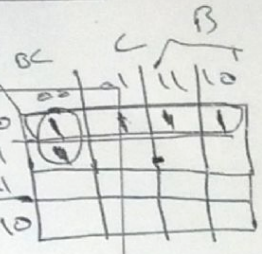
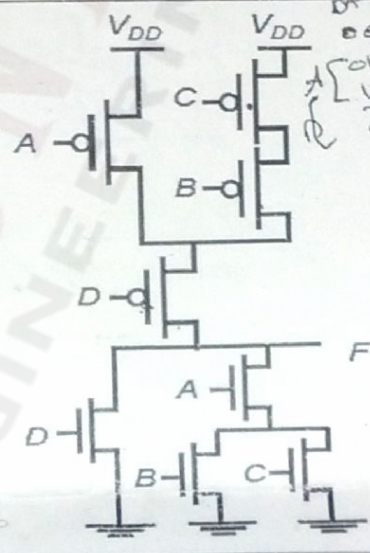
Name: 15190112090120

number: 0100729

Fill the truth table of the following circuit and deduce the logic function it performs

D	A	B	C	F
0	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	1	1
0	0	1	0	1
0	0	1	1	1
0	1	0	0	1
0	1	0	1	0
0	1	1	0	0
0	1	1	1	0
1	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	1	0
1	0	1	0	0
1	0	1	1	0
1	1	0	0	0
1	1	0	1	0
1	1	1	0	0
1	1	1	1	0

The function is



$\overline{AD} + \overline{C}BD$

A	B	F
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1
0	0	
0	1	
1	0	
1	1	

The function is: XNOR

